

Still to the Front



WITH THE NEWEST GOODS AND VERY BEST VALUES OF EVERYTHING IN THE JEWELLERY LINE. SOMETHING NEW COMING IN ALMOST EVERY DAY. HAVE YOU SEEN OUR NEW LINE OF BELTS AND BLOUSE SETS, IN SILVER AND GOLD?

Challoner, Mitchell & Co.,

47 GOVERNMENT STREET.

If the Law... Prohibited

the wasteful extravagance of money, we would have a monopoly of the dry goods trade.

The indications are that this Sept. will show more goods sold here than in any former September in the history of this store. Inconstant Activity, Worthy Goods. Prices hardly ever before equalled, and Generous Advertising have overcome the inertia and depression of the time and the season. You can make money on the offerings of to-day and every day this week.



White Marcella Quilt, 75x84 in. \$1.15
White Summer Blankets, 56x70 in. 1.00

KID GLOVES.

We have just to hand a case of PERHIN FRERES' Kid Gloves. This Glove is the genuine article; not the spurious kind that has so spoiled the trade for the past year in this very choice article.

DRESS GOODS.

We have to hand in immense variety, Tweeds, Heather (Red and Green) Mixtures, Serges, and all the new styles for Autumn wear.

BLACK MATERIALS.

Beautiful styles in Crepons, at prices from 50c. to \$2.75 per yard. Henriettes, Cachemires, Serges, etc.

THE WESTSIDE.

7th September, 1896.

J. HUTCHESON & CO.

YOUR TASTE FOR FINE TEA WILL SOON IMPROVE BY USING

TAMILKANDE TEA

Selected from the crack gardens of Ceylon, Darjeeling and China. Blended by machinery.

AROMA, FLAVOR, PURITY, STRENGTH.

"Two Cups in One."

IN LEAD PACKAGES AND 5 LB. CAKE BOXES.

SIMON LEISER & CO., Agents, Victoria.

TAMILKANDE TEA CO., Montreal.

Mining Shares

AN INVESTMENT.

We have the exclusive sale for Victoria of the Treasury Stock of the following Trail Creek Companies, and which we can recommend to our clients as an investment which will be likely to make them money.

Roanoke Red Mountain. 4500
Celtic Queen. 100
Novelty. 100
Avalanche. 100
Ivanhoe. 100
Yale. 100

H. CUTHBERT & CO'Y.

Mining Brokers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

LOST—Two pass books of the Dominion Savings Bank, numbers 1023 and 1016. Finder will please return to the bank, over post office.

LOST—On steamer "Harmer, Sunday night, July's light covered waterproof case. Finder return to this office. set-31

FOR SALE—Stock and fixtures of second-hand store. 45 Humboldt st. set-41

FOR SALE—The coal rights of 361 acres on Pender Island. The land for sale in portions or en bloc. H. J. Robertson, Times office.

THE BEST HOUSEHOLD WELLINGTON COAL—at lowest market prices. Full weight guaranteed. Only white labor employed. Man, Holland & Co., Broad street, opposite Dr. Ward. Yard at foot of Johnson street.

SHINGLES FOR SALE—Munn, Holland & Co., Broad street, opposite the Dr. Ward.

FOR SALE—The coal rights of 361 acres on Pender Island. The land for sale in portions or en bloc. H. J. Robertson, Times office.

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ACROSS THE BORDER

The American Railway Union Will Likely Support Bryan for President.

Fatal Explosion in St. Louis Caused by Careless Handling of Gasoline.

Des Moines, Iowa, Sept. 10.—The miners in this district threaten to go on strike on Oct. 1, and trouble is anticipated. One of the mines at Carbon-dale has imported 150 men, colored and Italians, for the alleged purpose of keeping the prices for mining down to 50 cents instead of 90 cents per ton.

El Paso, Tex., Sept. 10.—Jurez, across the river in Mexico, is alive with armed men. Last night the Mexican authorities learned from what is considered a reliable source that the same parties who attempted to capture the Mexican customs house at Nogales last month, would make an assault on the Jurez customs house. At a late hour a company of Mexican infantry were under arms in the customs house and troops of cavalry patrolled the town.

Boston, Sept. 10.—A northeast storm which swept the lowland coast last night had not passed this morning, although its force was somewhat less. Considerable damage has been done on the water front by the combined action of the heavy rain and the unusually high tide which prevailed last night. Many vessels were flooded and wharves and low-lying streets swamped. Aside from this not much damage was done here. Reports from New England coast cities indicate that considerable damage was done to shipping.

Pomfret, Conn., Sept. 10.—Col. Thos. S. Harrison, of Philadelphia, owner of the Pomfret stock farm, has completed final arrangements for the journey of Jackson C. Ferro, the trainer who has been appointed by the Khedive of Egypt as keeper of the royal stud, and the shipment to Cairo, Egypt, of the stallion, His Highness, Trainer Ferro, sails on Saturday, Sept. 19, from New York, by the North German Lloyd steamer Werra. It is the purpose of the Khedive to cross the blood of the American trotter with thoroughbred Arabs. A complete outfit goes with the trainer and stallion.

San Rafael, Cal., Sept. 10.—England has her fox hunts, Southern California her coyote hunts and San Rafael hitherto her paper chases, but hereafter she will lead the world with nothing more or less than a kangaroo hunt. A young kangaroo has been secured by the Hotel Rafael management from Australia. All of the experienced riders who have participated in the paper chases will take stations near the Hotel Rafael, the kangaroo will be turned loose, and will be pursued across country until recaptured. A pack of twenty-five English hounds is being trained for the hunt, which will occur some time during the latter part of September.

New York, Sept. 10.—Mrs. Matilda Wallace has sued Thomas Baring, of Baring Bros., London; Robt. Harris, of New York; George R. Peck, of Chicago; C. H. Holliday, E. K. Purcell and L. S. Avery, of Kansas City, and the other directors of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad company for \$55,000 damages. She alleges that in June, 1895, they caused to be published an illegal statement of the financial condition of the company signed by President Reinhardt and showing therein that she had purchased 450,000 shares of stock. She alleges the statement to be false and that it was published to deceive the public.

Terre Haute, Sept. 10.—The American Railway Union, whose president is Eugene V. Debs, has, in connection with its board of directors, issued an address to railway employees. It opens with animadversions on railroads for the activity of managers in organizing gold standard clubs, temporarily changing depots and shops into wigwags where only one side of the money question is permitted to be heard. "It was not free silver men that enraged and lashed this mob," the address continues. "Then what is it? Here is the answer: The attack in the Democratic platform on government by injunction." After praising Judge Henry Caldwell, Debs' address closes with a pledge to support W. J. Bryan for president.

St. Louis, Mo., Sept. 10.—One man was fatally and four others seriously injured as a result of an explosion caused by the careless handling of gasoline in a building occupied by the Menard City Cleaning & Dyeing Company. The injured are: James Walker, proprietor; James Vincent, dyer; Harry Roberts, collector for Walker; John Meers and Edward Sherry. The men, with the exception of Roberts, were at work in the evening room at the time of the explosion and were using gasoline from a five gallon can.

THE TORIES IN TEARS

Sir Oliver Mowat Pulls Back Tupper Plums from Tupper Pets.

An Important Decision re Superannuation—A Slide Master's Little Slice.

Ottawa, Sept. 10.—The militia department gave out a number of contracts for militia clothing during the past campaign in an irregular way. Some of them were for one year and others for three years. One of the contracts was to commence from July, 1897. The department referred the matter to the minister of justice, and Sir Oliver Mowat has decided that these contracts are illegal, and that the department had no right to make them without the sanction of parliament. The contracts are therefore to be annulled. One of them is for the Sanford Company, Hamilton; another for Shorey, Montreal; Bonrassman, Toronto, and the Auburn Mills, Peterboro, of which Kendrick, M. P., the Tory member for one of the Peterboros, is manager.

Sir Oliver Mowat has also given another important decision in regard to superannuation. In 1894 the government slides on the Lake St. John railway were abolished, but the slide master has been drawing his salary ever since. His salary is now stopped and the question of superannuation arose. Sir Oliver Mowat has decided that when an office is abolished the superannuation has also been abolished along with it. This is an important decision, as a number of offices are about to be abolished in the near future.

Mr. McMillen was made chairman of public accounts to-day. Scriver, chairman of private bills, Langelier, chairman of privileges and elections, and Beauchamp, chairman of expiring laws.

Last night Mr. Taylor's alien labor bill was under discussion. A dozen members, Liberals and Conservatives, supported the principle of the measure. Hon. Mr. Laurier announced that the government would ascertain if there were any prospect of securing the withdrawal of the American law against Canadians. If this is not done there will be no recourse left but for Canada to adopt a similar measure much as retaliation is to be demanded.

Representatives of the Dominion Board of Railroad Employees, headed by A. Hudson of Ottawa, and others, waited on the government to-day and asked for legislation in a number of matters affecting labor, such as the alien labor law, restriction of Chinese law, a law similar to that in Ontario regarding arbitration, and that Edward Williams, of Hamilton, be made a senator.

Hon. Mr. Laurier, Sir Henri Joly and Sir Richard Cartwright met to-day. The Premier replied as to the Williams appointment the fact that he was a Liberal would improve his chances. Regarding the alien labor law, he repeated the statement made in the house last night, and as to the Chinese Hon. Mr. Laurier said that if the government was only interested in collecting revenue they might increase the poll tax to \$500; at any rate they would consider the matter. Respecting arbitration for railway disputes, Hon. Mr. Laurier said that if the Dominion had power to extend the Ontario law to the Dominion that would be done.

When the house met to-day Hon. Mr. Prior asked if the government had any information about the seizures in Behring sea. He also asked when a commission was to be appointed to consider the sealers' claims and if the Dominion government had appointed counsel to watch the case. Hon. Mr. Davies replied that the government had the same information as was in the press and nothing more. The Imperial government had not yet fixed a date for the sitting of the commission, but it would be some time in the autumn. The government was now considering the appointment of counsel. He had also been advised that the sealers wanted to appoint private counsel. To that the government would not object. The sealers' counsel would no doubt act in unison with the government counsel.

THE WAR IN CUBA

The Filibuster, Three Friends Succeeded in Landing Another Large Expedition.

A Train Carrying Spanish Troops Attacked by Insurgents and Destroyed.

Key West, Fla., Sept. 10.—Dr. Joaquin Castillo and a party of five arrived here in a small boat last evening. They were detained by the health officer, but, upon the affidavit of Dr. Castillo, were released. Dr. Castillo made the affidavit before the collector of customs. The party came from Cape Sable, having been at that place for several days, trying to do something for the Cuban cause, in which they were unsuccessful. Just before the party landed a tug was seen to appear from the Gulf and again return. The tug is supposed to have been the steamer Three Friends, as several parties which arrived to-day are known to have been on her on former filibustering cruises. It is believed here that she succeeded in landing a large expedition in Cuba.

A train carrying troops from Havana who recently arrived from Spain, going by way of Genajay, was attacked near that place by insurgents and destroyed. The loss of the Spaniards was one hundred killed by the bullets of the attacking party. This news was received here last night from Dr. Carlos Mateo Feal, captain of the insurgent army, who passed through here last night direct from the insurgent camp on his way to New York.

Dr. Leopold Perrier, the oldest professor of law in the University of Havana, and Dr. Juan Francisco, of Arica, a professor in the same university, and the judge of the supreme court of Havana, have been arrested on suspicion of being in sympathy with the insurgents and conspiring against the government.

TRADES CONGRESS.

To-day's Proceedings at the Session of the British Trades Union Congress.

Several Important Resolutions Affecting Organized Labor Were Passed.

Edinburgh, Sept. 10.—The British Trades Union Congress to-day resumed its sessions. The National Union of Gas Workers and General Laborers of Great Britain and Ireland presented the following resolutions:

"That in the opinion of this congress, where grants of public money are given for educational purposes there should be also public control; that our present system of state education, based on commercialism and being out of harmony with the economic forces which are working towards collectivism, does not supply the educational needs of the nation; therefore it is imperative that our education system be completely remodelled on such a basis as to secure the democratic principle, equality of opportunity, and by the introduction into our state schools of the best results of educational science, to make it possible for English children to obtain such a training, physical, intellectual and moral, as may tend to make them worthy citizens of a co-operative commonwealth."

"We therefore instruct the parliamentary committee to urge on the government to introduce an amended measure on to lines indicated by this resolution."

After the motion had been amended to leave the parliamentary committee a free hand to deal with future educational proposals, the motion was adopted in substance.

The National Municipal Labor Union then submitted the following resolution: "That this body of Trades Unions of the United Kingdom wish the parliamentary committee to consider the advisability of at once moving the government to bring in a bill making it compulsory for all municipalities to adopt some practical scheme of old age pensions for their employees." The motion was adopted.

The Operative Stenographers' Society submitted the following resolution: "That in the opinion of this congress the time has arrived when political differences among trade unionists should cease to be a barrier to uniting us on one broad platform of workers interested in the imperial legislation of this country, and we instruct the parliamentary committee to submit the following questions to trades unionists:

"First—Are your members willing to subscribe one penny per quarter to a fund for the purpose of contesting seats and supporting bona fide trade unionist candidates for parliamentary honors, pledged to neither of the old parties, namely, Liberal or Tory?"

"Second—The fund to be under the direct management and the election machinery worked from the centre of the parliamentary committee, the payment of members and other details to be worked out by the committee."

"Third—In event of a sufficient number of replies being received to guarantee the raising of funds for the above purposes as would warrant the committee in taking steps to being about the result indicated, they are to give notice when the first subscription becomes due."

The resolution was defeated. The same question submitted a resolution to the effect that the time for the direction of the congress sessions should be extended for a fortnight, but this was also defeated.



He thought he was a goner, but the cat came back, sliding down the cellar door into OUR rain barrel of snags. If you play in our back yard we'll be good to you. We are climbing the apple tree of satisfaction, and swinging on the gate of perfection. Hand in hand, happy they go. LOW PRICES AND CASH. Friends all through life to be with QUALITY AND QUANTITY.

Look at our window of dirt erudition.

ROSS' BAR for 3c
MIXADO for 20c
ECLIPSE for 25c
WHITE ROSE and TRILBY TOILETS, 3 each for 25c

DIXIE H. ROSS & CO.

Government Street.

TENDERS.

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

(INCORPORATED 1890.)

Tenders for Supplies.

Sealed tenders will be received for supplying the above institution from 1st October, 1896, to 31st July, 1897, with the following articles to be delivered from: Meats, vegetables, groceries, bread, milk, drugs, wood and sundries work. Tenders to be sent to the undersigned on or before noon of September 25th, 1896. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Forms of tender can be obtained on application to

H. M. YATES, Secy.,

47 Lansley Street.

28-12

Mortgagee Sale

Under and by virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain indenture, dated 12th day of May, 1895, registered in the Victoria Land Registry Office in Charge, Book Vol. 13, Folio 1, No. 12, the following parcels of land situated on Galiano Island, in the district of Cowichan, British Columbia, being a portion of section 7, on said island, containing 101 acres, more or less.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Sealed September 1st, 1896.

D. MURPHY,

Collector for Mortgagee.

28-12

The Cheapest Yet Offered!

Ten minutes from Alhion Iron Works or Power House. House of six rooms, in good condition; also cottage of three rooms, corner lot, city water, good drainage; the whole, if sold at once, for \$750. By payment of a quarter down terms can be arranged for balance in monthly payments or mortgages. HOUSES TO LET.

A. H. NASHMAN & CO. 44 Broad St.

A Slice of this Earth

...NOT ALL OF IT...

We Pay Men's Wages,

Guarantee First Class Work

And are still able to give our customers better rates than those who claim to work at a fair profit.

A trial order will convince you of the truth of this assertion.

Greenwood, Smith & Randolph,

Printers and Bookbinders,

28 Fort St.

28-12

CANADIAN NEWS.

Li Hung Chang Delighted With His Trip.—Report of the Anglo-Chinese Syndicate.

Lord and Lady Aberdeen in Toronto.—School Inspector Drowned—Forest Fires.

Winnipeg, Sept. 9.—Li Hung Chang and suite passed through Winnipeg at 2 o'clock to-day on a special Canadian Pacific train en route to Vancouver. He expresses his delight at the journey and at the appointments of the railway. During the journey he was extremely interested with a conversation which entered into the details of railroading in its every phase, and as the train passed through the huge stone cuttings along the north shore he marvelled at the magnitude of the work and the expedition of its completion. As the train rushed from time to time out from the encircling mass of rocks and presented to view those delightful little pictures of the rocks and corners in the north shore of Lake Superior.

In his expressions of delight at the varying panoramas. At Port Caldwell he was presented by Mr. Robert Jackson with two magnificent live speckled trout, which he presented to his Excellency that he is forwarding Mr. Jackson a silver medal as a token of his appreciation.

The party visited the Lake of the Woods Mills Kewatin, evincing much interest and making inquiries regarding the manufacture of Manitoba wheat into flour. While here the Chinese ambassador received an official dispatch from Lord Aberdeen, informing him that Her Majesty had been pleased to appoint him a Grand Knight Commander and his two sons Knight Commanders, and Ambassador Chih-Chen Fu-Feng-Luh, who accompanies the party having also been honored. Li Hung Chang wired thanking Her Majesty.

A tramp has been arrested by the police at Flat Portage for disorderly conduct. Five hundred and sixty-one dollars in gold and silver were discovered in his wallet, and a sketch of bills which he had buried in the muskrat, has also been recovered. Nothing is known of him.

The Masonic members of the general synod, now in session here, were tendered a Masonic reception last night.

A Duck Lake dispatch says Constable Cruikshank, of the Northwest Mounted Police, shot and killed himself this morning, the bullet from his revolver going through his right eye. Death was instantaneous, and it is said to have been accidental. The deceased belonged to Nova Scotia.

The funeral of the late Fred Higinbotham, Winnipeg's favorite athlete, took place to-day at the station to-day and was one of the largest seen in years. The interment took place at Bowmanville, Ont.

Hon. Joseph Martin has returned from a holiday trip through the Kootenay district and Victoria, which he told a reporter who interviewed him, he greatly enjoyed. As to his impressions, Mr. Martin said: "I spent a week among the mines, and so far as I could judge from what I heard and saw, the country is exceedingly rich in minerals. Large numbers of Americans and others I saw there speak strongly of the mineral wealth, and there does not seem to be two opinions on the matter."

A petition to the Governor-General is being circulated in Calgary district, signed by the Roman Catholics, with reference to the Manitoba school question.

At the general synod to-day a message from the upper house was received conveying the report from the committee on education and concerning in the same, with a verbal amendment.

The report is as follows: "The committee on the educational work of the church has to report that they have adopted the following resolutions:—

"1. That it is essential both for the community and the children that there should be religious instruction in the primary schools; that a half hour each school day, and, if possible, the first half hour, should be given to such religious instruction; that reasonable arrangements should be made for such religious instruction being given by the clergy or their deputies to the children of their own communion or by the teacher in the case of communion agreeable to this; that when the above cannot be carried out, we shall rejoice at the introduction into the school course of studies of such religious instruction as shall include the teaching of selections from the Old and New Testament, inclusive of the Lord's Prayer and the Ten Commandments, and, if practicable, of the Apostles' Creed."

"2. That the dioceses in which there are non-denominational universities be requested to report what measures are taken in order that students belonging to the Church of England shall be under its care during their attendance at the university. That they be further requested to report whether or not the daily work of the university is begun with prayer; that similar information be supplied with regard to normal and high schools."

"3. That it is most desirable that an educational fund be established for the educational work of the church, the said fund to be managed and distributed by the general synod."

This afternoon the delegates attending the general synod were tendered a reception at the Manitoba hotel. Nearly all the delegates were present. The reception was held from 1:30 to 2 o'clock, and the party then sat down to luncheon, at which Mayor Jameson presided.

Montreal, Sept. 9.—A new cathedral is to be erected at Nicolet and is expected to be ready for worship by May, 1899. It is to be built of Deschambault stone. The dome of the steeple and cross are to be of aluminum and the edifice is to be 192 feet long and 97 feet high with a steeple of 185 feet.

Ladysmith, a wealthy farmer of St. Constant, was found by his wife yesterday morning hanging in his woodshed. It is supposed he was insane.

Toronto, Sept. 9.—The provincial department of crown lands has received information that extensive forest fires are prevailing around the head waters of the Mississippi river in Northern Ontario. It is estimated that over 35,000,000 feet of lumber have been destroyed.

John Brier, aged 80, died at the General hospital last night as the result of being knocked down by a bicyclist on Friday last.

Hon. R. Harcourt, provincial treasurer, has returned from a five weeks' trip to the old country. He says that Hon. Edward Blake will arrive in Toronto about Tuesday next, having already sailed from Liverpool.

A Little Current dispatch says W. A. Fraser's lumber mill was burned on Sunday. J. H. Charlton lost 300,000 feet of lumber. The total loss will reach \$15,000; insurance, \$4,000.

Public Inspector Wherry has been drowned in the lake near Peterboro by the capsizing of a canoe.

Lord and Lady Aberdeen, who are here to attend the industrial exhibition, will leave on a tour of the province with the object of visiting the principal agricultural fairs. The tour will occupy about three weeks.

STAND AND DELIVER

Seattle Highwaymen Have Commenced a Campaign of Terror and Robbery.

Escapade—Footpads Said to be Rank Amateurs.

Seattle Sept. 9.—The police have not succeeded in turning up the highwaymen who relieved Harry Moser of his money and valuables Monday night, and the only clues that might lead to the discovery of the two men who perpetrated the hold-up are the numbers of the case and the works of the watch, and the most general description of the men as to height and weight. Both wore masks at the time of the robbery, and that fact is indicative of their desperate character.

The police say that there are many crooks headed in the direction of the Pacific coast, as is usual at this time of year. Several citizens have made application to Chief Reed for permission to carry revolvers, and were told that such permission was not within his power to grant and were directed to Mayor Wood, in whom authority to grant such permits lies.

The department is on the lookout for any of the undesirable visitors from other cities, and has already sent a number of huncos men out of town before they had time to turn any tricks. Citizens are, however, warned of the season of the year when the criminal element from all over the country is turning its eyes in this direction.

William Meydenbauer, an elderly gentleman and an old resident of this city, was held up last night about 9:30 o'clock on a short distance from the row of houses known as the Gillmore houses, near the Hotel Deany, by a couple of footpads, who got off less lucky than did the pair who told Harry Moser to hold up his hands at the corner of Madison street and Fifth avenue the night before.

Mr. Meydenbauer was walking toward the city, and had just passed the houses above alluded to and had approached the row of one story buildings just beyond when he heard a peremptory order for hands up, as a couple of men stepped out of a doorway to the sidewalk. One man poked a bright revolver up to Mr. Meydenbauer, who was not the least non-plussed by the unusual salutation, and who invited the fellow at the butt end of the gun to shoot if he wanted to, in much the same spirit of challenge as that issued by the erstwhile Barbara Fritchie when the late Stonewall Jackson marched through the streets of Frederickburg.

Mr. Meydenbauer's bluff was a good one, as the man didn't shoot, but his companion, who had a sand bag, started to get around behind Mr. Meydenbauer, with the probable intention of landing so as to put the old gentleman down if he did not fall in with the idea, and as he had a good heavy cane in his hand he let drive and cut the man with the bag fairly across the face. This for a moment upset the plans of the highwaymen, and the one struck let a yell in which Mr. Meydenbauer joined, the latter, however, giving out to the world that there was murder around that corner and that he wanted help. His cries failed to attract any attention, but they had the effect of frightening the highwaymen away, and they cut across a vacant lot and disappeared in the darkness.

By this time the yelling had attracted the attention of people living in the neighborhood and they came into the street. In all sorts of deshabille, to Mr. Meydenbauer's rescue. The men had escaped, however, and the hero of the hold-up came on down town. Mr. Meydenbauer did not report the case to the police, and says he will not. He holds that body of men in fine contempt and says that hereafter he will carry a gun of his own in his pocket. He expects to be greeted for carrying concealed weapons, but as far as he says he will protect himself. As Chief Reed yesterday took occasion to warn people of the presence of hard characters in the city it is likely that Mr. Meydenbauer will go unharmed if he means of self-protection are not offensive to the quiet and dignity of the city.

He characterizes the footpads of last night as rank amateurs. One was a tall, youngish man, carrying the sand-bag, and the man with the revolver was smaller and much older. Mr. Meydenbauer does not believe that he could identify the men.

"Hands up," was the command that startled O. Johnson nearly out of his wits shortly before 10 o'clock last evening. He had just sailed across Seventh avenue at the intersection of Pine street, a place that is very dark.

As the command was given Johnson's hands went up, and a tall, slim man with a mask over his face stepped in front of Johnson and thrust a revolver in his face. At the same time a short man, rather heavy set, and unmasked, proceeded to do the "work." He promptly went through the frightened victim's pockets, relieving him of his gold filled watch, worth probably \$20 and \$3 a coin.

As soon as they had groined away their booty the highwaymen made off.

Johnson hunted up Officer Kelly and reported the hold up.

Johnson is said to be an employee of the Oregon Improvement Company. He lives on Terrace street and Eighth avenue.

The description given by Johnson tallies with that of the men who held up Harry Moser the night before last, and the highwaymen are supposed to be the same parties.

PAST YOUR PRIME

Perhaps not in years, but in energy. Your health is not good, yet you hardly know what is the matter with you. Your business, too, is on the decline. People miss the old elastic spirit you showed in former years. The secret of all this is that your constitution is worn out and your blood is bad. Set both right by the use of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. One box will cure you of

DYSPEPSIA
RHEUMATISM

CATARH
HEADACHE
AILMENTS PECULIAR TO WOMEN.

SCROFULA
ENERVATION
SCIATICA

POOR BLOOD
INDIGESTION
LIVER COMPLAINT
LOSS OF APPETITE
SEVERE KIDNEY DISEASES.

Thousands of sufferers have publicly testified to the efficacy of Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. They are the best, so use the best. One pill a dose, one cent a dose 25 cents a box.

For Sale by all dealers, or by the manufacturers, Edmanon, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Use Chase's Linseed and Turpentine for all throat and Lung troubles. Large bottle, small dose, small price, 25.

BICYCLE POSSIBILITIES.

Here we reach the domain of speculation. The bicycle has changed many times in its form, and always for the better; each form has taken on its multitude of improvements, and so part of the modern wheel has escaped the ingenuity of the mechanic in his aim to secure better material, stronger connections, lighter weight, greater speed, grace of design and comfort to the rider. Every day is a day of new records and of the revelation of new possibilities. Four hundred and odd miles for a single day; thirty miles in an hour; a hundred miles in three hours and forty-seven minutes; a single mile in one minute and a half; and a statement of the seconds here would be true only for the week in which it was written.

Six years ago one of the best informed and most progressive of our cycling authorities, Mr. P. F. Priest, editor of the Wheel, writing of the safety bicycle of that day, mentioned the drawbacks of the pneumatic tire as being "its large size and the necessity of replenishing the air to keep it properly distended." He advised that the ideal safety should not be geared too high, but only to 54 or 57 inches, "except in the case of strong riders." The gearing of the air to keep it properly distended. The gearing of the wheel in 1896 is from 63 inches upward, a gearing of 70 inches being about the average and 80 not at all uncommon; while the woman's wheel of to-day, when geared at 60, is easily propelled by new and inexperienced riders. Saddles, tires, frames, bearings, handle-bars, cranks, spokes and rims have been lightened, simplified, improved, and from year to year made to displace the cruder product of the year before.

Where is the limit? No man can tell but so far as it relates to the common pedomotive bicycles of to-day, the practical limit would seem to be not far distant. A year or two hence will probably witness the introduction of a pneumatic motor-bicycle, and the more general adoption of motor carriages in certain parts of the country where the roads have been improved. Meanwhile the bicycle now in common use will hold its own, with such improvements in detail, and perhaps in form, as will add to its usefulness, and to the comfort, convenience and security of the rider.—The Century.

Boils

It is often difficult to convince people their blood is impure, until dreadful carbuncles, abscesses, boils, scrofula or salt rheum, are painful proof of the fact. It is wisdom now, or whenever there is any indication of

Impure

blood, to take Hood's Sarsaparilla, and prevent such eruptions and suffering.

"I had a dreadful carbuncle abscess, red, fiery, sore and sore. The doctor attended me over seven weeks. When the abscess broke, the pains were terrible, and I thought I could not live through it. I heard and read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla, that I decided to take it, and my husband, who was suffering with boils, took it also. It soon purified our

Blood

built me up and restored my health so that, although the doctor said I would not be able to work hard, I have since done the work for 30 people. Hood's Sarsaparilla cured my husband of the boils, and we regard it a wonderful medicine. Mrs. ANNA FETTERMAN, Latimer, Kansas.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. Hood's Pills

is the One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. Hood's Pills

You Can Buy **BEST FOR WASH DAY.**

SURPRISE SOAP.

BEST FOR EVERY DAY.

of any Grocer

THEY COUNT BY THE SCORE

Yea, By the Hundreds, Those Who Have Been Cured of Dire Disease By South American Nerve.

A Remedy Widespread and Universal in Its Application.

Where Other Medicines Have Failed and Doctors Have Pronounced the Cases Beyond Cure, This Great Discovery Has Proven a Genuine Elixir of Life.

The "New" Tonic Comes From Old and Young, Male and Female, Rich and Poor, and From All Corners of the Dominion.

If it is the case that he who makes two blades of grass grow where only one had grown before is a benefactor of the race, what is the position to be occupied by him who by his knowledge of the laws of life and health, gives energy and strength where languor, weakness and anticipation of early death had before prevailed? Is not he also a public benefactor? Let those who have been down and are now up through the use of South American Nerve give their opinions on this subject. John Doy, banker, of Kitchener, Ont., had made himself a nervous invalid through years of overwork. At last he felt his case was hopeless, and the best physicians had pronounced him incurable. He tried Nerve, and there are his words: "I gladly say it: Nerve cured me and I am today as strong and well as ever."

James W. Meador, was cured of indigestion, of the stomach and bowels by three bottles of this medicine. Jas. Greenwood, of Windsor, at 70 years of age, suffered from an attack of paralysis. His life, at that age, was despaired of. But four bottles of Nerve gave him back his natural strength. A victim of indigestion, W. F. Bolger, of Kitchener, says: "Nerve cured me of my suffering, which seemed incurable, and had baffled all former medical efforts." Peter Eason, of Kitchener, lost flesh and rarely had a good night's sleep, because of stomach trouble. He says: "Nerve stopped the agonizing pains in my stomach that I could not sleep. I have now taken two bottles and I feel entirely relieved and can sleep like a top."

A representative farmer, of Western Ontario, writes: "I am, C. J. Curtis, residing near Windsor. His health was seemingly completely destroyed through his grippe. No medicine did him any good. 'To Nerve bottles of Nerve,' he says, 'I attribute my restoration to health and strength.' Neither man or woman can enjoy life when troubled with liver complaint. This was the sentiment of W. J. Hill, the well-known ballist of Eracebridge. 'I was so bad,' says he, 'that one of my medical attendants said that I was dying, but, thank God, I am not dead yet. From the first few doses I took of Nerve I commenced to feel better, and am to-day restored completely to my usual health.' A resident of the Maritime Provinces, in the person of R. Jones, of Sussex N.B., says: 'For twelve years I was a martyr to indigestion, constipation and headache. The treatment of several physicians was complete and comprehensive in its results, but I was not cured. I took Nerve, and I am cured. I am now as well as I ever was, and I attribute my restoration to health and strength to Nerve.'

Newspaper space is too valuable to permit of further additions to these earnest words of testimony from those who know just what they are taking about. In the common language of the day, they have been there and are speaking from the heart. The doses or more witnesses that have spoken here, their counterparts by the hundreds, not only in the province of Ontario, but in every other section of the Dominion. South American Nerve is based on a scientific principle that makes a cure a certainty, no matter how desperate the case may be. It strikes at the nerve center from which flows the life blood of the whole system. It is not a medicine of patchwork, but the treatment of several physicians is complete and comprehensive in its results. For Sale by Dean & Hiscocks and Hall & Co.

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MEDICAL.
MR. HATHAWAY.
Late superintendent of St. Luke's Private Hospital, Charleston, S.C.; surgeon and assistant surgeon. His specialty and proficiency for electro-lysis, auricular massage, weakness, etc. Various blood, corns, inguinal and venous circulation.

VETERINARY.
S. F. TOLMIE.
VETERINARY SURGEON.
Graduate Ont. Vet. Coll. Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Lives with Dr. John Woods, V.E. Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Gray's Library, 126 Johnson street. Telephone 152; residence telephone 671, Victoria, B.C.

SCAVENGERS.
JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Successor to John Doughty. Yards and compounds cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with James Bell & Co., Port street, general contractors & much corner of Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 80 Vancouver street. Telephone, 126.

WANTS.
AGENTS MAKE HIS A WEEK HUNT and sure. Send us your address and we will show you how to do it. Imperial Silverware Co., Box M.S., Windsor, Ont. **sent-1m**

YES, WE HAVE THE BEST best ever offered agents. **sent-1m**

REMEMBER we positively guarantee **sent-1m**

FOR SALE.
FOR SALE—Whole plate photographic outfit (new), or will exchange for a high frame bicycle in good condition. Apply Times office. **sent-1m**

CONSOLIDATED ALBERT has for sale: A snap—1,000 shares at \$20; have sold as high as \$20. A. W. Moore & Co., Mining Brokers, 70 Douglas street. **sent-1m**

FOR SALE—3 work cars, well built. Apply to Robert Porter & Sons. **sent-1m**

A LARGE CONSIGNMENT of Russian chairs, settees, tables, etc., at very low prices for cash, at the B. C. Furniture Co., J. Schell, Manager. **sent-1m**

WHY NOT TRY Marshall's whole wheat bread; also home made bread. 30 Broad street. **sent-1m**

FOR SALE—A portion of the N. & E. Sea-land Agricultural Society. 100 acres of land, containing 84 acres more or less, about 20 acres, never before falling stream of water. For particulars apply to the secretary, H. F. Halders, Victoria, P. O. B. O. **sent-1m**

TO LET.
TO LET—A large room suitable for one or two gentlemen; near town line; in a quiet family; no children. Address P.O. Box 24. **sent-1m**

MISCELLANEOUS.
SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS set in type like this paragraph, cost but one cent per word each insertion, and are re-printed at the Times office each day of publication up to 4 p.m. **sent-1m**

A & W. WILSON.
PLUMBERS AND GAS-FITTERS.
All Repairs and Theatricals. Dealers in Gas and Plumbing and Gas Fitting. Broad street, Victoria. Telephone call 12. **sent-1m**

EDUCATIONAL.
MISS C. G. FOX.
PRIVATE SCHOOL.
For children, re-opens Monday, August 10th, 10 Mason street. **sent-1m**

MISS FOX.
TEACHER.
Of Piano and Harmonium. Residence, 30 Mason street, near Pandora. **sent-1m**

Miss Laura M. Adams
Will give **PIANOFORTE INSTRUCTIONS** after September 7th. Those desiring lessons will please apply at 24 Colborne Bay Road. **sent-1m**

JEWELERS, ETC.
American Waterbury
Nickle Alarm Clocks, \$1.
ANSBORN ALARMS, 800. GREENMAN ALARMS, 790. **sent-1m**

S. A. STODDART.
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller.
65 1-2 YATES STREET.
Clean Watches thoroughly for The New Main Spring. 75c. Balance and Jewels \$1.25. And guarantee all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 20 years. **sent-1m**

UNDERTAKERS.
CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1861.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

THOMAS STOREY.
Funeral Director,
No 90 Johnson St.,
VICTORIA, B. C.

SUDDEN CHILLS & COLDS.
AT THE COMMENCEMENT OF AN ATTACK TAKE A TEASPOONFUL OF

PAIN-KILLER

AND THE CURE IS MORE SUDDEN THAN THE CHILL.

PAIN-KILLER

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Dockers Prepare for a Strike—Japan Said to be Looking to Australia

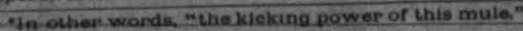
—Japanese rock, matting, etc., in
abundance at Weller Bros.

mouth, together with Prof. Eddy, make an attempt to photograph the cliff from a kite. It will be raised from

JOHN PEDDICOBB.
100 Sydenham St

kitchen, however, does not belie the description given in *Oliver Twist*. It

le- expose myself either, please add
is simply: P. O. Box 358, London, Ont.



remedy for itching flies and in my own case I would pay \$50 per box for it if it could not be otherwise had.

JOHN PEDDICOMB,
160 Sycamore St.

A literary landmark—not a very de-
 able or savory landmark, but still
 landmark—is about to disappear, a
 London Sketch in Fagin's Kitchen,
 scribbled by Charles Dickens in "Oil
 Twist." The spot does not seem
 have been much altered since the d-
 of the Artful Dodger, for changes co-
 slowly to Saffron Hill. The build-
 now a registered lodging house, from
 outside has that respectable, pove-
 stricken look so common in more s-
 lected corners in London. The thir-
 kitchen, however, does not bear the
 scription given in Oliver Twist.

Dear Editor—Please inform your readers, that if written to confidentially I will mail in a sealed letter, a picture of a genuine, honest, honest, by which I can be seen, and not beauty, and many vices, after years suffering from nervous debility, weakness, night losses and weak eyes. I was robbed and swindled by the quacks until I nearly lost my mind, but, thank heaven, I am now well, vigorous and strong. I wish to make this certain means known to all sufferers. I have nothing to sell, and want no money, being a firm believer in the value of the human body, and a delirious belief in the power of the human body belonging the believer to regain the health and happiness. I promise you free secrecy, and as I do not wish to expose myself either, please address simply, P. O. Box 388, London, Ontario.

GREAT HUDYAN
Hudyen cures the permanent condition of the
body. Hudyen cures certain cases of lost man-
hood. Hudyen cures a nervous debility, nervous
head.

FRISK
Circles and Testimonials.

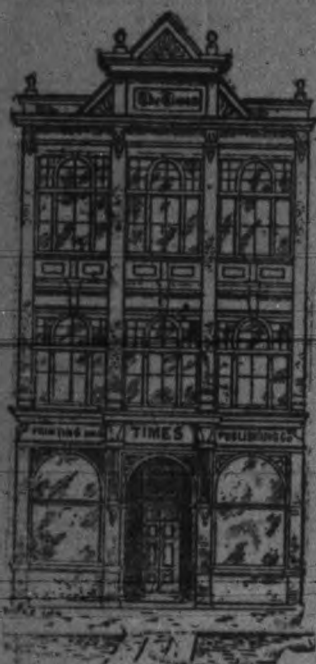
HUDSON MEDICAL INSTITUTE
Stockton, Maryland and Ellis Island,
San Francisco, Cal.

SEPTEMBER.

S	M	T	W	T	F	S
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
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27	28	29	30			

JOSHUA DAVIES
AUCTIONEER

Room 7, Board of Trade Building.



The Daily Times.

PROLONGING THE SESSION.

An impartial observer can have no doubt as to which party is responsible for prolonging the present session. Some three days were spent in debating a motion introduced by Mr. Foster to ensure the government for the issue of Governor-General's warrants to raise money for the carrying on of the country's business. It is significant that all the Independent and Patron members voted against Mr. Foster and with the government, thus showing that independent men everywhere approve the government's action in this matter. Mr. John Ross Robertson, the Independent Conservative member for East Toronto, when speaking to the motion said that as business men "it did not seem to him that there was much to be approved or condemned in the action of the government in obtaining warrants from the Governor-General for the purpose of meeting the current expenses of the country pending the assembly of parliament. It should be borne in mind that the money for which these warrants were obtained was used in paying the salaries of officials and the wages of workmen, and he thought that it would have been to the discredit of the country if these wages had not been paid. There was no pretense that these sums were used for other purposes than that for which they had been obtained. He did not admit that the government in this instance had given an example of abuse of this custom of issuing warrants. Circumstances justified their action, and outside of extreme politicians, no fault would be found with their action." Yet Mr. Foster and his friends on the Conservative side thought fit to waste the time of parliament and put the country to expense by challenging this most natural and reasonable action on the floor of the house. If they expected to make political capital out of this move, they must find themselves woefully mistaken. If their object was to prolong the session and increase their chances of drawing a full indemnity their purpose may be more easily achieved.

The contention that Lord Aberdeen was bound to sign anything that Sir Charles Tupper placed before him has elicited a protest from a Conservative journal, the Ottawa Citizen. It refers to a memorandum addressed by a secretary of state for the colonies to the first governor of Queensland. It is declared that the "first care of a governor in a free colony is to shun the reproach of being a party man," to "give all parties and all the minorities formed the fairest play." He should not do anything favoring of a personal government. At the same time it must be remembered that the governor is not a cypher, and there are exceptions to the rule that he is bound to accept the advice of his ministers. He, on occasion, may even disavow the ministry and call others to advise him, provided that his prerogative rights are exercised constitutionally, "on grounds of public policy and for reasons which are capable of being explained and justified by an incoming administration."

Another illustration of the late government's administrative methods is furnished by the following item, of Ottawa correspondence:

"It is learned that the present government have withdrawn the thousands of islands from sale with the view of their being acquired by the government of Ontario for public purposes. It will be remembered that the Hon. Mr. Daly placed these islands in the market against the protest of the public. A

large number of the islands were acquired by the friends of the late government, one of which was purchased by the Hon. John Haggart, through Mr. Alexander Ferguson of this city. The island was sold for \$900, though over \$1000 had been offered for it by Mr. J. T. Craig, of Toronto.

The deal was put through by the deputy minister of Indian affairs, who was evidently brought from the Northwest to assist in such matters. As soon, however, as Mr. T. M. Hubbard, who claimed the pre-emptive right to purchase the island, learned that it had been purchased by the Hon. Mr. Haggart, he pressed his claim, and the department sold him a reserved island, which was valued at \$1000, for something like \$200.

"Had the late government accepted the proposition of the Ontario government to sell the islands, at a fair valuation, the public would, ere this, have had the benefit of them as a public park, and the Indians would have realized on them, whereas now the best islands have been disposed of and the poor islands and rocks remain, and the Indians will only receive something like \$30,000, less all the expenses of advertising."

"And it will now be necessary for the Ontario government to appropriate in the case of those islands which have been sold and are being held by speculators."

Colonel Prior is the latest Conservative to come out as an alleged champion of the Canadian workingman. The Colonel, Mr. H. H. H. and other Conservatives who have announced themselves as opposed to alien labor, should be able to prevail upon Mr. Earle to discharge the Chinese employed in his canneries. They also might convert the Colonist.

Communications.

WARD REPRESENTATION.

To the Editor: I am sorely afraid that your correspondent's ("North Ward") education in political economy has been sadly neglected. At that same time he writes so temperately that I am tempted to reply to him. By the way, why is he so ashamed of his own name that he must write under a nom de plume?

I presume the writer is unaware of this point—that any redistribution of wards must, according to the statute, give to each ward equal assessed value. My proposal therefore is this, not to interfere with assessed value, but so to arrange them that each shall contain equal electors, territory and assessed value as near as may be. This can be done easily with 3, 4, 5 or 6 wards. I suggest four wards, because it makes a better council, and gives the mayor a casting vote, thus doing away with possible blocks. When the city assessor shall lay before the council his proposals as required by my resolution, I venture to say that no one will doubt the wisdom of the alteration. If the three-ward system be continued it will only be necessary to subtract from the Central Ward some of its valuable sections and annex them to North and South Wards and adding to the Central Ward some of the unimportant acreage on the eastern side of the city. If the four-ward system is adopted—the city lends itself very readily to this arrangement—each ward would then have about an equal amount of improved and unimproved property. Can North Ward wish anything fairer than this?

Nanaimo has practically accomplished this, Vancouver also, and the result is that none complain upon the ground of non-representation. Victoria West has for a long time complained that it was not represented in the council, as but one of the residents had for several years been successful at the polls. The upper portion of South Ward has also failed to obtain a representative. More equal wards would help to remedy this.

I agree with his suggestion as to a three-year term. I am sure it would be better, but this must wait until greater light has dawned upon the Turner government. But as to increasing the number of aldermen to 18—save us from such a calamity. If the whole of the 18 should feel it necessary to discuss the proper color of his worship the mayor's nose, or to debate whether Mr. Graham Campbell's letters should be read or not—well, Mr. Editor, I should pity your reporter's staff. No, sir, smaller executives do the most effective work.

W. MAICHANT.

H. E. LI HUNG CHANG.

To the Editor:—Widespread his fame that comes with waving flags and ringing cannon, the reverberation of which is served up daily by the Colonist to forward the views of its masters. First he is made out to be a member of the reigning Tartar dynasty, an earl, and in to-day's issue a prince; also that H. M. S. Comus has received instructions to await his arrival in Vancouver and receive him with the salute due to his rank and position. If this man is not intimidated it is not for any lack of fulsome praise and honors lavished on him since his arrival in Europe. Each nation visited has done its level best to outvie the others in making much of him. For what? His humanity and love of the Pan-que (foreign) devil? His official integrity? That he is a great general, statesman, or what? Each nation expects, or makes the people believe it does, to derive great benefit from this visit. Each hopes to get the largest sugar plum. Vain expectations! Li Hung Chang is a smooth-tongued Chinese official and a noted wily diplomat, who affects to believe in all the fatuity and honors showered on him, and takes them for all they are worth. It matters not to him if they feed on their families. They may draw incense from to quench their thirst, rich food to satisfy their hunger, and incense gold to store from extension of trade and diverse other privileges; it matters not to Li Hung Chang, except Russia, who takes what she wants. They are simply fishing for the moon in reflecting water. Germany may supply guns and officers and teach the Chinese how to work them, if she will do so on long credit. France may do so with railways. England may build and equip a powerful fleet of war ships on the same terms. The United States may work off some of her surplus produce, and Canada can take her share in cheap labor and her profits on the opium, making up any shortage in the diseases they introduce and the demoralization and destruction they

work—cheap at even \$500 per head poll tax.

England's first treaty with China was signed at Nanking on the 29th of August, 1842. It was rammed down the Chinese throats at the point of the bayonet; the same in 1858 and again in 1860. We have now no direct trade with the capital, Peking, which was only brought into telegraphic communication with the outer world in 1884 during the Franco-Chinese embargo. Peking, the present capital of China, is made up of three enclosures, one within the other. The innermost, called Kip-ching or prohibited city, contains the imperial palace and its surrounding buildings. The second is occupied by the several offices of the government and the private residences of officials. The estimated population is 900,000 Tartars, which includes the actual imperial army. The outer or Chinese city has an estimated population of 400,000. The streets of the Chinese metropolis are said to be most foul; in the summer you are almost suffocated with noxious dust, in winter they are almost impassable for mud. Pedestrians are liable to be drowned in the torrents that rush through the thoroughfares in the rainy season. In 1883 in addition to the foreign legations and foreign customs staff there was one hotel, one watchmaker and one foreign store dealing in Chinese curios, and about one hundred missionaries, whose energies are severely taxed in looking after No. 1, and reporting the number of souls saved from eternal damnation. Yet there is room for the few Asiatic advocates of British Columbia! This is the capital of the government on whose representative Europe, the United States and Canada are lavishing their praise and honors.

For many years the Chinese have been trying to throw off the yoke of the Manchu Tartar dynasty. In 1850-51 some natives of the provinces of Kwangsi and Kwangtung (from which provinces over 95 per cent. of the Chinese on the American continent come) raised the standard of rebellion, calling themselves Taipings (Princes of Peace), who ravaged the country, conquering city after city, putting to death all imperial soldiers who refused to join them, and Asiatic alike, committed an immensity of cruelties and bloodshed. From time to time foreigners were hired by the imperialists to drift and find their specialists to retake the conquered cities and help put down the rebellion. The first that met with success was an American named Ward, who with the help of other adventurers, drilled what was called the Anglo-Chinese corps, who led by Ward and others, reconquered many cities and became known as the River Victorious Army. After Ward's death came another American, Ward's second, named Burgess. Burgess, being twice declared by the Imperialist leaders at Shanghai about sending money to pay the soldiers, who mutinied at not being paid, slapped the banker's face, then threw up the command, and joined the rebels and was afterwards put to a cruel death by the Chinese. The Imperial authorities applied to Admiral Sir James Hope, who consented to the appointment of Major Gordon, R. E., who completed what Ward began. The rebels being unable to get to the seaboard, and being seriously hampered through being unable to secure arms and munitions of war, became demoralized. On the 27th of November, 1863, Soochow city, the stronghold, capitulated to Gordon under conditions of life and safe conduct to the sea. Then commenced the frightful massacre of thousands of Taipings. One thousand years would not clear the names of Li Hung Chang and Yuen Kwo Fan, his colleague, with the Chinese, nor would either of them have lived an hour had Gordon found them when released. This work was a stain on England and those who granted Gordon leave to serve the Imperialists.

It will be seen from the foregoing that Li Hung Chang's journey is fraught with great danger, more particularly the last part of it. Many Chinese would like to show honor to this high official, but there is too much danger in his accepting the same. Many Cantonese have no love for him, in fact very much the reverse and would sacrifice much to pay off their score, therefore, it is much better he does not risk the danger. When Li Hung Chang arrives back in China the praise and honors lavished on him will be construed as acts of obedience made by the foreign devils to the representative of the Great Pure dynasty.

It may be taken as extremely problematical whether Li Hung Chang could effect any great changes beneficial to foreigners, for the reasons will inevitably oppose, directly and indirectly, all and everything he dares to propose. Friendship between the Chinese literati and the foreign devils is an utter impossibility, for foreign progress means their downfall, and the first law of nature is self. On the other hand the admission of their laboring class means not only the ruin of our country but the destruction of our people, morally and intellectually, therefore their exclusion should be determined upon.

H. J. ROBERTSON.

Victoria, Sept. 9.

A SCOTTISH VISITOR.

"Every train from the east that passes through the city had on board capitalists who are turning their attention towards the rich gold fields of British Columbia. Among those who went yesterday was Lieutenant Macpherson, of the 78th Highlander, who will spend some time in Kootenay and Roseland districts with a view to taking up a few favorable locations. Accompanying him were two mining experts, D. D. Tay and W. D. Mannor, who will prospect. Lieut. Macpherson has had a successful career. He was side-camp to his father, the Hon. Herbert Macpherson, in the battle of Tel-el-Kebir and fought with some distinction in several engagements. He has not been connected with the militia for some time, and has been travelling for pleasure. He has just returned from Africa, where he was on a shooting trip. "Dark Continent," where no man had preceded him. There are at present two relatives between him and the chief of the Macpherson clan. Lieut. Macpherson will remain for some weeks in British Columbia, and then continue on his trip around the world."

—Winning Press Press.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.—Changes in a notice advertisement must be made at the office of the "Daily Times" before the day of the "Change" is decided to appear.

A BY-LAW.

To Authorize the Sale of Lands Within the City of Victoria Upon Which Taxes Have Been Due and in Arrear for Two Years.

Whereas it is expedient that all lands or improvements or real property within the limits of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, upon which municipal taxes have been due and in arrear for two years, shall be sold, and the proceeds applied in the reduction of such taxes:

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. The Collector of the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria is hereby authorized and directed whenever taxes on any land or improvements or real property have been due for two years preceding the current year, to submit to the Mayor of the City of Victoria a list (in duplicate) of all the lands or improvements or real property liable, under the provisions of this by-law, to be sold for taxes, with the amount of arrears against each lot set opposite to the name, and the Mayor shall authenticate such list by affixing thereto the seal of the Corporation and his signature, and one of such lists shall be deposited with the Clerk of the Corporation, and the other shall be returned to the Collector with a warrant thereon annexed, under the hand of the Mayor and the seal of the Corporation, commanding him to levy upon the land or improvements or real property for the arrears due thereon with his costs.
2. It shall not be the duty of the Collector to make inquiry before effecting a sale of lands or improvements or real property for taxes, to ascertain whether or not there is any distress upon the land, nor shall he be bound to inquire into or form any opinion of the value of the land or improvements or real property.
3. The Collector shall prepare a copy of the list of lands or improvements or real property to be sold, and shall include therein, in a separate column, a statement of the proportion of costs chargeable on each lot for advertising and for the commissions authorized by this by-law to be paid to him, and shall cause a copy of such list to be printed for a period of one month preceding the date of such intended sale in some newspaper published in the City of Victoria.
4. The advertisement shall contain a notification that unless the arrears and costs are sooner paid he will proceed to sell the lands or improvements or real property for the taxes, on a day, time, and at a place named in the advertisement.
5. The Collector shall, at least two months before the time of sale, also deliver to or deposit in the postoffice to the address of the owner of such property which is to be sold for taxes as aforesaid, or to the agent of such owner, a notice in writing of the amount of taxes due, and that the property is to be sold for arrears so due, and in case the address of the owner or agent is unknown, a notice to the same effect shall be posted upon the land intended to be sold, and also, at least two months before the time of sale, post a notice similar to the above advertisement in some convenient and public place, that is to say, at the Council Chambers, Victoria, and in the Post Office Building, Victoria.
6. The day of sale shall be the thirty-third day after the first publication in a newspaper of such list, exclusive of the day of such publication, except in case the said thirty-third day shall fall on a Sunday or holiday, in which case such sale shall take place on the following day at the Council Chambers, in the City of Victoria, and shall begin at twelve o'clock noon.
7. If at any time appointed for the sale of the lands or improvements or real property no bidders appear, the Collector may adjourn the sale from time to time.
8. If the taxes have not been previously collected, or if no one appears to pay the same at the time and place appointed for the sale, the Collector shall sell at public auction so much of the land or improvements or real property as may be sufficient to discharge the taxes and all lawful charges incurred in and about the sale, and the collection of the taxes, selling in preference such part as he may consider best for the owner to sell first, and in offering such lands or improvements or real property for sale it shall not be necessary to describe particularly the portion of the lot or section which shall be sold, but it will be sufficient to say that he will sell so much of the lot or section as shall be necessary to secure the payment of the taxes due, and the amount of taxes stated in the advertisement shall in all cases be prima facie evidence of the correct amount due.
9. If the Collector fails at such sale to sell such land or improvements or real property for the full amount of arrears of the taxes due, he shall at such sale adjourn the same until a day be publicly named by him, not earlier than one week nor later than three months thereafter, of which adjourned sale he shall give notice by advertisement in the newspaper in which the original notice was advertised, and on such day he shall sell such lands or improvements or real property for any sum he can realize. Provided that in event of the price offered for any lot or section at such adjourned sale being less than the amount of arrears of taxes due in respect of such lot or section, the Collector shall have power, if he think fit so to do, to purchase such lot or section in the name of and on behalf of the said Corporation.
10. If the purchaser of any property or parcel of land fails immediately to pay the Collector the amount of the purchase money, the Collector shall forthwith again put up the property for sale.
11. Immediately after every sale the Collector shall return a list of the arrears satisfied by such sale to the Clerk of the Corporation, and shall at the same time pay in the proceeds to the Treasurer of the said Corporation.
12. The Collector shall be entitled to five per centum commission upon the sums collected by him as aforesaid.
13. This by-law may be cited for all purposes as "The Victoria Real Property Tax Sale By-law, 1896."

Passed the Municipal Council the 26th day of June, A.D. 1896.

Reconsidered, adopted, and finally passed the Council this 1st day of July, A.D. 1896.

(L.R.) ROBERT HEAVEN, Mayor.

WELINGTON J. DOWLER, C. M. C.

READ

THE PROVINCE

"A Province I see you that,"—ANT. & CLER.

OFFICES AT VICTORIA AND VANCOUVER, B.C.

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Published by "THE PROVINCE" LIMITED LIABILITY, Subscription for Canada and the United States \$2.00 Other Countries, \$3.00

Look out for the

Carnival Number.

Kootenay Mines.

Board of Public School Trustees, OF VICTORIA, B. C.

LATEST INFORMATION OF

New Finds, Transfers, Shipments of Ore Developments, WITH FULL QUOTATIONS OF Stock and Share Prices

The Miner.

PUBLISHED AT NELSON

The oldest mining paper in B. C. To be had of all news agents or of

MR. GEO. SHEDDEN, Agent for Victoria and Vancouver is

Notice is hereby given that all pupils attending the High School of the age of sixteen years or over will be required to produce to the Principal of the High School a permit signed by the Secretary of the Board.

The above permit is obtainable at the office of the Secretary of the Board, 24 Fort Street, Victoria B. C.

Notice is also given that from and after Thursday, the 11th inst., no new pupils will be admitted during the present term to the primary or 8th Grade of the City Public Schools.

In accordance with Article 5, of the Rules and Regulations for the Government of Public Schools in British Columbia, the Public Schools of this city will resume on Monday, the 15th August, 1896, at 9 a.m.

By order, R. WILLIAMS, Secretary, Victoria, B. C., Aug. 14, 1896.

Our Baking Powder

IS UNRIVALLED.
ASK FOR THREE SAMPLES.

BOWES, Dispensary Prescriptions,
120 Government street, near corner
Tait's street.

LOCAL NEWS.

Cleanings of City and Provincial News in
a Condensed Form.

—Kodaks at Fleming Bros., Gov. st.
—Ladies, a fine line of All seasons
and shawls at Fox's, 78 Govt. St.

—Fifteen cent tea kettles at R. A.
Brown & Co's, 80 Douglas street.
—English Jelly Cans, Pudding Bowls,
Jelly Moulds, Fancy Jugs, etc., at R. A.
Brown & Co's, 80 Douglas street.

—The Pasteur germ-proof filter takes
the bad, and is receiving daily the high-
est commendation. Weller Bros., sole
agents.

—Mr. John McNab, of New Westmin-
ster, inspector of fisheries, has recently
spent several days examining the eastern
oysters planted in Oyster Bay. He
says the oysters are still alive and ap-
parently healthy.

—The members of the Spanish Agri-
cultural Society are busy completing ar-
rangements for their annual exhibition to
be held on Friday and Saturday, Oct.
9 and 10. The fair promises to be the
best in the history of the society.

—A young man by the name of Jack
Smith was thrown from a horse near
Hoscon Hill yesterday, and severely
hurt. When picked up he was uncon-
scious and was taken to the hospital
where it was found that one of his legs
was broken.

—The Fifth Regiment basket picnic
will be held at Pooder Bay on the 19th
inst. A good programme of sports will
be arranged and the music will be sup-
plied by the regiment band. The pro-
ceeds will be added to the fund for the
purchase of new band instruments.

—An important meeting of the Y.W.
C.E.U. was held at the residence of
Mrs. Gordon Grant, Spanish road last
evening. Reports were received from
various committees, including one from
the delegation of the society who at-
tended the New Westminster conven-
tion last week. It was decided to hold
a picnic on the 23rd inst., at the
residence of Mrs. Dempster.

—A meeting of the committee who had
charge of the labor day celebration met
last evening to wind up the business in
connection with the affair. The final
meeting will be held on Saturday even-
ing when the committee expect to turn
over a handsome sum to the Jubilee
Hospital. The secretary, Mr. William
McKay, No. 100 Fort street, will be
pleased to deliver the prizes to the hold-
ers of tickets 477, 318, 405, 57 and 1.
—Mr. A. J. McEwen-Tyndall, mind
reader and hypnotist, who is passing
through the city on his wedding tour, has
been induced by Manager Jamieson to
give one of his exhibitions at the Victo-
ria theatre on Monday evening. On
Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock he will
give one of his carriage rides. A com-
mittee of five will be selected, and while
two of them secretly blindfold Mr. Tynd-
all the others will enter the carriage and
drive to where the article is secreted.
The entertainment for Monday evening
is entitled "The Supernatural in Nature."

—The Board of Licensing Commis-
sioners yesterday granted transfers to
C. Fagan, for the Hotel; to F. L.
Smith, for the Teutonia; to Mrs. Celia
A. Shawan, for the Telegraph; to Geo.
E. Fisher, for the Nickel Plate; to G.
L. Jones, for the Vancouver House; and
to Robert C. Adwick, for the California.
The temporary permit issued to Mrs.
Fagan for the Grove, Esquimalt road,
was continued until the 30th. The
board also remanded until the same date
the applications for transfer of the li-
censes for the Victoria saloon, Port
Townsend, from William O'Connor to Alex-
is Tremblay; and from R. J. Ferguson
to Jack Hayes for the Louvre of Gior-
don saloon, Johnson street. Chief
Sheppard reported that Tremblay was
not a fit and proper person to hold a
license, and Hayes' application was ad-
judged, as he had been convicted of
selling liquor on Sunday and the mayor
wished to consider the question.

—Among the visitors in the city is
Mr. Chief Factor Hall, of the Hudson
Bay Co., Victoria, B. C. Previous to
his arrival in the city he had a long
journey to inspect some of the northern
posts of the company. In the spring he
went up as far as Chaslar, B. C., to
visit posts located on the west branch
of the Mackenzie river. He went thence
to Fort Simpson, there taking passage
by steamer Wrigley to Fort Smith, mak-
ing a portage thence to Smith's Land-
ing, where he connected with the steam-
er Graham and left for Fort McMurray.
A scow was thence placed at his
disposal and in time Grand Rapids, on
the Athabasca river, was reached. He
then took the steamer to Athabasca
Landing, 100 miles north of Edmonton,
and travelled westward to that border-
land.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.

A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Fin-
est Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

ing town, where he remained for a
brief rest. The remainder of the journey
to the city he made by the railway, ar-
riving here yesterday morning.—Win-
nipeg Free Press.

—Water front pirates have been at
work recently and several small boats
are reported missing.

—Another offender against the Sun-
day closing law has been summoned to
appear in the city police court.

—The annual meeting of the Y.M.C.A.,
called for Monday, Sept. 15, has been
postponed until the following Wednes-
day evening. A full attendance is re-
quested.

—Personal—If the lady who, by mis-
take, carried away a lady's umbrella
will please return the same to the Lan-
downe House, 86 Yates street, she will
receive the owner's sincere thanks.

—Hugh McCalmont, M.P. of London,
who spent yesterday in the city, return-
ing this morning to Vancouver, where
he will embark on the Empress of China
for the Orient, is one of the richest com-
moners in Great Britain. He is a ne-
phew of the late Baron Cairns, Lord
Chancellor. Mr. McCalmont is the owner
of the great race horse Isinglass
which in 1893 won the Derby.

—Charles Tull, proprietor of the
Omnia saloon, was charged with sell-
ing liquor on Saturday night after pro-
hibited hours. Sergeant Haxton arrested
the bartender and entered the door just
as a customer was about to take a
drink. The officer did not get an op-
portunity to find out just what the
liquor was, but he surmised that it was
something stronger than ginger ale and
consequently issued a summons. The cus-
tomer stood by the saloon keeper and
got out of giving evidence by stating
that he was too drunk to remember any-
thing. The case was remanded for a
week.

MADE A BIG HAUL

Police are looking for a Quaker-
master Who Stole Thirteen
Thousand Dollars.

Deserted from a North German Lloyd
Steamer at Nagasaki and Came
to America.

For some time past every steamer ar-
riving at Victoria from the Orient has
been closely watched by the
police. The different passengers were
minutely examined and the officers of
the steamer asked for information re-
garding a certain gentleman whom the
police were asked to arrest.
should they run across him. Bow-leg-
ged Germans, if on board, came under
the particular surveillance of the police,
but no arrest was made. From papers
received by the Evandale, it appears
that the individual for whom the officers
of the law were anxiously seeking was
well worth capturing. He was the
quartermaster of the German mail
steamer Hohenzollern, who deserted in
the middle of July last, taking with him
\$13,000 in gold.

A representative of the China Gazette
made enquiry at the North German
Lloyd office and was courteously in-
formed that the treasure in question
was shipped at Yokohama on July 12th,
the last voyage of the steamer, by the
Chartered Bank to a correspondent in
London. On arrival at Hong Kong it
was discovered that it had been stolen.
Suspicion immediately pointed to a quar-
termaster who had deserted at Nagas-
aki, and it is believed he has escaped
with his plunder to America. The
company have been endeavoring to trace
him, but so far without effect. It is
believed that the money was stolen on
the voyage between Yokohama and Na-
gasaki.

The North German Lloyd officers de-
scribed the alleged culprit as a short,
thickset German about 35 years of age.
He is very much bow-legged and has
the appearance of a sea-faring man.

PERSONAL.

T. P. McIntyre, Winnipeg, is at the
Driard.
E. G. Tilton returned last evening
from the mainland.

Jas. McCreary came over from the
Sound this morning.
Charles Butler and wife, of Port
Townsend, are in the city.
W. Pollock Harvey and B. J. Short,
of Vancouver, are at the Driard.
Capt. McCallum, of the Kilbrannan,
returned from the Sound last evening.
Mrs. John Partridge returned last
evening from Ontario where she has
been visiting friends and relatives for
several months.

Hon. C. E. Pooley and James Dun-
smuir left Nanaimo yesterday for Tex-
ada Island to examine some of the min-
ing properties there.
Col. Fishback, of Seattle, came over
from Vancouver last evening. He has
been from Cariboo where he is interested
in mining properties.

"The Railroad Kidney."
Railroad employes, bicyclists, team-
sters and other men who are subject to
much jolting, are often troubled with
pain across the small of the back. This
indicates the "Railroad Kidney," an in-
cipient precursor of serious illness. On
the slightest symptoms of backache take
Chase's Kidney-Liver Pill—one in a
dose—and thus obtain instant relief.
For all kidney troubles they have no
equal. 25c per box.

The clipper ship Glenogle, Capt.
Stevenson, will be towed by the Lorne
to Steveston on Saturday. She is char-
tered to load salmon.

A sailing schooner, presumably one
of those seized in Hebrington, was off
the outer wharf at four o'clock this af-
ternoon.

Art squares in all sizes at Weller
Bros. These goods give an increasing
satisfaction and we recommend them,
as pretty, inexpensive and durable car-
pets. We know that is just what you
want.

—Japanese Rugs in many sizes and
good colors at Weller Bros. These Rugs
have just arrived per S.S. Ananadale.

The Children

Look their best during the holi-
days. Have their photos taken
by

SKENE LOWE.

BIG POLO CARNIVAL

To be Held at the Victoria Driving
Park for Four Days Com-
mencing Sept. 24th.

What the London News Thinks of
the Rowing of the Cana-
dian Oarsman.

A four days' polo carnival is to be held
at the Victoria Driving Park, commencing
on the 24th instant. Four clubs
will be represented, the Nicola, Cowichan,
Navy and Victoria. On the 24th
and 25th four preliminary matches will
be played, two each day. On the after-
noon of the 26th the teams will partici-
pate in the greatest gymkhana meeting
ever held in British Columbia. Several
novelty races will be introduced in
the programme, which with the old but
every interesting and amusing events,
will make the meet one long to be re-
membered. The final polo match will
be held on the 28th. Everything pos-
sible will be done to get the grounds in
first class condition.

AQUATIC.

J.R.A.A. REGATTA.

At a meeting of the James Bay Ath-
letic Association last evening the follow-
ing committees were named for Satur-
day's regatta: Reception—H. D. Hel-
mcken, G.C., M.P.P., A. C. Finmerrell,
F. A. Gowen, Dr. J. D. Holmcken, C.
E. Bailey, R. Jones, H. E. Langton, E.
A. Kay, W. R. Higgins, W. H. Wil-
son, F. L. McFarland, E. E. Billing-
hurst, H. G. Wilson, Ross Eckardt, C.
Fletcher, A. J. Dallan and J. C. Bridg-
man. Regatta—D. O'Sullivan, E. O.
Finlayson, J. W. Miller, R. Eckardt, T.
C. Houston, W. J. Scott, J. C. Scott, W.
D. Allen, J. Aden, and C. Work. A
special meeting of the association has
been called for this evening.

PRAISE FOR GAUDAUR.

London, Sept. 10.—The Daily News
says that Gaudaur deserves the greatest
possible credit for his victory and the
Post says the same thing, but the lat-
ter thinks that the easy victory of the
comparative veteran shows that the art
of rowing has fallen upon evil days.

LAWN TENNIS.

JUNIOR'S TOURNEY.

The results of last evening's matches
of the Junior lawn tennis tournament
follows: Singles—D. Hunter (rec. 1/2 1st)
beat E. Hayward (scratch), 6-5, 6-5; H.
Hammer (scratch) beat T. E. Pooley
(scratch) 6-5, 6-3; G. Wilson (ove 1/2 1st)
beat H. Powell (ove 1/2 1st), 5-4, 6-4, 6-3.
Doubles—G. Johnson and C. Giambs
beat E. Ward and H. Holmes, 6-2, 6-5;
H. Powell and G. Wilson beat H. Ham-
mer and A. Muller, 6-2, 6-4.

Through the kindness of Mrs. I. W.
Powell, refreshments were served dur-
ing the afternoon.

FOULKES AND WARE.

"The game of the day at the tennis
tournament yesterday," says the Tiron-
to Star, "was undoubtedly the match in
the open singles between Ware and
Foules. The British Columbia lad put
up a game fight from start to finish,
and until the last stroke in the third
set the game was in doubt. Foules
played a stonier game than his op-
ponent, but not nearly as dashing a
one, and it was the latter's speed
which eventually won him the match.
Both men played a base line game ex-
tensively, but whenever they did come
to close quarters Ware seemed to have
the better of the play. This match was
played in the afternoon, and was wit-
nessed by a large number of ladies,
whose sympathies were evidently all for
the British Columbia, who had guar-
anteed so far to compete for tennis
honors. It is to be regretted that he lost,
as there is no chance for the champion-
ship to be won now by a Canadian, the
four Americans, Sheldon, Whitman,
Paret and Ware being the survivors."

CRICKET.

BANKERS VS. NAVY.

The following team representing the
United Banks will on Saturday meet a
team from H.M.S. Imperieuse at the
Castro Grounds, D. Dole and M. G.
Tennant, B. of B. N. & E. L. Beer,
B. of M.; C. A. Goffin, H. F. Mytton,
T. H. Patterson, H. B. Holmes, J. E.
Parker, J. E. G. Bullen, F. B. Ward
and H. A. Holmes, B. of B. C.

FOOTBALL.

Y.M.C.A. CLUB.

The Y.M.C.A. football club will meet
in the association parlor at 8 o'clock
this evening for the purpose of organiz-
ing for the coming season. Officers and
committees will be elected and arrange-
ments made for practice etc. The pros-
pect for players is very good and a most
successful season is anticipated.

SINGLET, ANKERS.

A meeting will be held this evening to
re-organize the Y.M.C.A. football team.

Sent it to His Mother in Germany.

Mr. Jacob Eshensen, who is in the em-
ploy of the Chicago Lumber Co., at Des
Moines, Iowa, says: "I have just sent
some medicine back to my mother in
the old country, that I know from per-
sonal use to be the best medicine in the
world for rheumatism, having used it
in my family for several years. It is
called Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It al-
ways does the work." The bottle is
for sale by all druggists. Langley &
Henderson Bros., wholesale agents,
Victoria and Vancouver.

He—I am sure that Clara's new dress
reform tops must be an offence to the
sight of gods, men and little fishes.
She—How do you know if you haven't
seen them?
He—Well, I have them referred to as
being sensible.

ROYAL Baking Powder.
Highest of all in leavening
strength.—U. S. Government Report

EVANDALE ARRIVES

The Northern Pacific Liner in from
the Orient—Japanese
for Brazil.

Typhoon in Northern Japan—The
Princess Louise Goes North
for Salmon.

After being delayed by the heavy fog
off Cape Flattery the Northern Pacific
liner Evandale, Captain Boyers, arriv-
ed at the outer wharf this morning.
She left Yokohama on August 23, and
her passage was an uneventful one, fine
weather being encountered until the fog
was struck three days from the Cape.
The steamer has 1,000 tons of freight,
principally tea for Tacoma, and 50 tons
of Oriental merchandise was discharged
here, as were also 30 Japanese, the only
passengers brought over. The steamer
Hupch, under special charter to the C.
P.R., left Yokohama on August 22nd,
and three days later was passed by the
Evandale.

From Japanese papers received by the
steamer it is learned that a Japanese
immigration company will send over
20,000 emigrants to Brazil, South Am-
erica, during the coming autumn. The
first party will be dispatched as soon
as the Japanese-Brazil treaty is con-
cluded.

It is reported that Dr. W. Wykeham
Meyers, an Englishman, has been ap-
pointed adviser to the Formosa govern-
ment. The doctor has been in Formosa
for seventeen years, was attached to the
Tokio customs and speaks the dia-
lects of the native tribes fluently.

Particulars of the damage done in
Northern Japan by the terrible typhoon
of Aug. 15th, are given in the Yoko-
hama papers. A number of the villages
which escaped the ravages of the great
tidal wave of June last, were the chief
sufferers. About 500 feet of embank-
ment along the river Sakawa gave way
and the villages of Matouda, Kaneda
and Soga were completely submerged.
At nine o'clock in the evening the force
of the typhoon was doubled and in two
or three places the railway embankment
was destroyed and several bridges were
carried away.

A deplorable accident took place in a
match factory at Himeji on the morning
of Aug. 15th. While a number of girls
were busy at work, fire suddenly burst
out from a bundle of matches which
was being handled by some of the girls.
Four tons of matches scattered about the
room soon took fire, enveloping all the
girls. Six of them escaped without
much injury. The day being a holiday
there were not many hands in the build-
ing, and considerable time was lost be-
fore the fire could be got under con-
trol. One of the girls died the same
day and another is beyond recovery.
Eight other girls received severe inju-
ries.

Shortly before noon to-day the United
States warship Monterey announced her
arrival at the entrance to Esquimalt
harbor by a salute of 21 guns to the
British flag. The guns of H. M. S. Im-
perieuse boomed out a reply, and the
Americans fired a salute of thirteen
guns for the British Admiral. This was
also replied to. The Monterey has, with
a number of other American vessels,
been spending some time at Port An-
geles, and as is usual in such cases,
came over to spend a few days at the
headquarters of U. S. M. navy. She will
remain at Esquimalt until Saturday.

The Alouka was taken to Capt.
Grant's wharf to-day, and the Beatrice
will be tied up at the outer wharf, the
owners having put up the necessary
security.

Steamer Princess Louise, which has
been on the Nanaimo-Vancouver route
for some time, left last night for the
north for a load of salmon.

The ship Mary Bird arrived at Port
Angeles to-day.

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. Rosalie from the Sound—
J. J. Froughton, Geo. Carter, Mrs. Carter,
Nash Armstrong, H. D. Rucker, W.
Reilly, Miss Jean Forsyth, C. Butler,
Mrs. Butler, J. G. Cameron, H. Graham,
T. Johnson, E. Burnett, A. N. Hamilton,
Jas. McCreary, C. Cameron, Mr. Bigger.
Per Str. Kingston from the Sound—
Gertrude Wayne, Stella Wayne, Mrs.
Williams, Mrs. A. Johnson and son, Mr.
Bookmaster, G. O. Orchard, H. Gus-
ted, L. Netherby, Mrs. Routledge, A.
Salliday and wife, Miss T. S. Cody, Miss
C. H. Gardiner, Miss L. Summers, R.
W. Davis, E. G. Wilson, L. A. House,
J. McNamara, Capt. McCalmont and
wife, H. Buzard, W. H. Seaman and
son, J. B. Taylor, A. H. Morgan, E.
Sanders, E. Armon, P. Nugent, F. G.
Scott.

Per Str. Charnier from Vancouver—
Mrs. J. Partridge, Mrs. Beckwith, Mrs.
E. T. Anderson, J. M. Dewart, R. Spico,
Mrs. Laying, J. W. Brandt, Mrs. Rus-
sell, E. G. Tilton, Miss Clifton, Mrs. T.
Dowling, Dr. Bolton, Mrs. Bolton, R.
T. Cooper, J. Hoamans, F. V. Austin,
R. J. Short, E. Bernard, H. Trager, J.
Lippert, Mrs. Patton, J. A. Veitch, G.
Ellison, Mrs. Jones, Col. Fishback, W.
P. Harvey.

CONSUMERS.

Per Str. Rosalie from the Sound—
The Prox Pty. Co., The Colonial, C. P.
Co., C. D. Given, Hall Bros. & Co., L.
Goodacre, J. P. Sarranta, F. R. Stewart,
Jas. McCreary, T. Earle, Hudson Bay
Co., J. H. Todd & Son, Johns Bros.
Per Str. Kingston from the Sound—
J. Hutchison & Co., J. Fullerton, W.
Wilson & Co., C. Harward, J. E. Stock-
steador, P. T. Patton, Weller Bros.,
E. Pimbury, Wilson Bros., Hastings
Mfg. Co., F. L. Wallerstein, Mrs. Mary
Routledge.

Per Str. Charnier from Vancouver—
E. G. Prior & Co., Gillmore & Mc-
Turner, Beaton & Co., D. Spencer, Mr.
Duncan, J. Pierce, T. N. Hibben, J.
Barusley, Atkinson & Co., Union Col.
Co., W. Dalby, Langley & H. Bros., A.
Holden & Co., Pither & Lohrer, Martin
& R. C. M. Cookson, Wood & Orr, J.
Tendray, W. Wilson, J. Hutchison, J.
Meaton, G. C. Shaw & Co., Hochman &
Bayley, Nicholls & R. H. Young, C.
Ruppert, A. Holmes, Humphrey & P.
J. Thompson, J. Carlson, J. Agne, Sing
Kow, Dem. Ex. Co.

Special Clothing Sale.

We place on sale to-day (THURSDAY) a large lot
of Men's All-Wool Tweed Pants, good, strong
materials, neat dark patterns, well made and
sewn throughout with Knox's linen thread, at

...\$1.60...

the pair. These Pants are well worth \$3.00, and
are sold nowhere for less. All sizes, 31 to 45 in
waist, 30 to 34 in leg. Sale to continue so long
as the present supply of 150 pairs lasts.

CAMERON, THE CASH CLOTHIER,
33 JOHNSON STREET.

Whose Fault Is It

If you don't snap a snap in TAN SHOES?
They're going fast. Ladies' and Gentlemen's
sizes and styles. A little money takes them.
Be in time.

A. B. ERSKINE,

COR. GOVERNMENT AND JOHNSON STS.

Arrival of Fall Goods.

A FINE LINE OF.....

Scotch Suitings, Irish Serge and
English Worsteds.

Just to hand. See our Windows. PRICES RIGHT.

KINNAIRD, THE CASH TAILOR,
33 JOHNSON STREET.

YOUR CHOICE

FLAVOR

Rose, Vanilla, Strawberry, Raspberry, ...
Ginger, Peach, Peppermint, Watermelon.

As many flavors of TEA—Ceylon, India, China, I.K.I., at 25c.
Half as many of COFFEE—Roasted, Green, C. Blend, etc.

HARDRESS CLARKE, Cor. Yates and
Douglas Streets.

New Goods

We have opened up a splendid
line of.....

Chenille Curtains...

(Latest Colors and Designs)

Chenille Table Covers...

(All Sizes)

The above Goods are the best we
can buy. When purchasing don't
simply look at the price, but judge
the value by comparing quality
with price. We want you to see
these Goods.

Chenille Linen to match, and a
large stock of cords, tassels, fringes,
etc., at

Weller Bros.

.....31 to 33 FORT STREET.

Carnival Week

**Grand Procession
AT VICTORIA**

Sept. 2nd, 3rd, 4th

AND FOLLOWING DAYS.

Of customers to every store to purchase
Pender's Soap, Extract, Vinegar, etc.,
Publish.

"The British Navy"
Shoe Blacking, etc.

REMOVAL.

...THE...

Imperial Restaurant

HAS REMOVED TO

35-37 YATES STREET.

(Old Times office, below Govt. St.)

MEALS 25 cents.

REAL TICKETS \$4.00.

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Mines Mining Stocks

MINES FOR STOCKING.
PROSPECTS FOR DEVELOPING.
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Before purchasing secure prices from

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Opposite Driard, VICTORIA.

Daily Price List—A.B.C. Code.

W. J. R. COWELL

(B.S., F.G.S.)

MEXICAN SILVER MINING.

Wages of Miners at the Rate of 37 1/2 Cents a Day in Gold.

Monterey, Nuevo Leon, Mexico, Aug. 31.—Day and night the silver flows in glowing spluttering streams from the long row of furnaces in the great Guggenheim smelting works at Monterey. Into the top of the furnace is fed the enormous amount of 20,000 tons of ore monthly. This is a thousand car loads or more, 100 railroad trains of average length. From this 20,000 ounces of ore is smelted 300,000 ounces of silver. A thousand ounces of silver daily is a moderate estimate of the yield of this single plant today. Monterey has another smelter, second only to the Guggenheim plant, which is the most extensive on the continent. The other smelter has six furnaces. It was built mainly by local capital, with shares of \$1,000. Those shares are worth today in Monterey \$3,500.

It is an ill wind that blows nobody good. The 50 cent dollar has made Monterey. When Joaquin Mals, one of the leading merchants of the city, used to tell his fellow citizens that they would live to see great wealth come out of the mountains which looked down upon them, they laughed at him, and advised him not to spend the profits of a legitimate business upon schemes to make Monterey a mining centre. There was silver in the mountains. Everybody knew that. But it was silver of that low grade which had never before entered into the calculation of Mexico's mineral wealth. Mr. Mals and a few others kept on sinking their money in seeking for veins which would justify the long journey to the smelters of the United States. Passing the great bodies of minerals too poor to bear transportation charges, the believers in Monterey's mining future found now and then small quantities of richer ore and shipped it. That was a time when silver was worth \$1.25 an ounce, or nearly as much. There were just enough in the business to encourage this groping after bonanzas which were never found. The wise men of Monterey found many occasions to repeat their croaking to Joaquin Mals.

One day in the administration of Benjamin Harrison, his secretary of the treasury, William Windom, made a new ruling on the admission of ores combining silver and lead. The effect was to apply the American duty on lead ores of lesser value in that mineral than had prevailed under the preceding ruling.

Down in Monterey the infant mining industry gasped, and seemed about to die. The Windom ruling meant all the small margin of profit upon which these few mines had been operating in a desultory fashion. It erected at the Rio Grande against the low grade ores of this region a barrier that was impassable. The solid conservative men of Monterey predicted that Joaquin Mals would throw away no more good money on these great masses of yellow dirt at San Pedro, which he mistakenly called a silver mine.

One of these restless spirits, with a gift for the detection of hidden opportunities, came to Monterey. He studied the question of the fuel supply. "Why don't you build a smelter and reduce your own ores?" he suggested.

Then in the spirit of the born promoter he went among the business men of Monterey and infused great expectations. Joaquin Mals took hold of the project and became one of the foremost in it. A smelter was built. First efforts in a new field of experimental enterprises are rarely successful. Monterey's first smelter paved the way by demonstration of the mistakes to be avoided in later efforts. It stands idle. But into the yards of the other two plants cars trundle all day, bringing ores by the train. The fires in the sixteen furnaces go out only for repairs. The streams of silver flow unceasingly. They are streams of Mexican silver good enough to make 50-cent dollars, but the industry is booming in Monterey.

"The silver mine owners of Monterey would be greatly gratified to see Mr. Bryan restore silver to \$1.25 an ounce," was suggested to Joaquin Mals. "On the contrary," replied the owner of San Pedro quickly, and with decided emphasis, "if we got \$1.25 an ounce it would be \$1.25 Mexican money. Mexican money would be the same as American money, and both the same in gold. Under present conditions, suppose we got only 65 cents an ounce in American money for our silver. That American money is worth 100 per cent. more than Mexican money. In other words, the 65 cents an ounce in American money or gold for our silver is worth double that in Mexican money. No you see we could get no more per ounce in Mexican money if silver was worth \$1.25. Now the main value of our Monterey ores does not come from the silver, but from the lead. If I have lead in my silver ore running 25 per cent., that will be 500 pounds of lead to the ton of ore. At three cents that lead is worth \$15 in the United States. That is \$15 in gold which is \$30 in Mexican money.

"Now, there is another thing," he said, "and it is this: 'When gold was about even with Mexican money, or when there was very little difference we paid our labor at the mines 75 cents a day. The amount was equivalent to 70 cents a day in American money. Today we pay these same miners 75 cents a day in Mexican money, which is now equivalent to about 37 1/2 cents a day in gold. This 37 1/2 cents a day in gold yields the mine owner the same amount of labor which was produced for him when the 75 cents in Mexican money was worth 70 cents in gold."

In wages on a silver basis the mine owner of Monterey finds his margin. In wages on a silver basis the smelters of Mexico figure out a great advantage over those of the United States. The Omaha smelter is one which offers a fair comparison with this Guggenheim plant at Monterey. They are, probably, the largest silver smelters in the two countries. Each gives employment to about 400 men. No one will traverse the great plant at Monterey and doubt that the Mexican workmen in this industry render equal labor, man for man, with the American employed in the Omaha smelter. At Omaha there is little labor given at \$1.50 a day. The wages in the various grades of the smelter range as high as \$3 a day. It will not place the average too high to make it \$2 per day. That is American money—gold. Here the common laborer unloads the cars and hauls the ore by the thousands of tons in the yards. This same laborer loads the ore into the little iron train cars and wheels it under the



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WM. TEMPLEMAN,

Manager

Times Building, Broad St., Victoria.



sheds, where the more skilled workmen do the mixing of the ores in great beds. This common laborer shovels and lifts and pushes as hard as the \$1.50 gold labor at Omaha, and does it for 62 1/2 cents a day Mexican or 31 1/4 cents gold. This labor works ten hours a day for that price.

Then there is the twelve hours labor, so divided as to keep the smelter running night and day. Here something besides muscle enters in. The iron barrows must be wheeled upon the scales and the one kind of ore follows another in, as beam after beam tips, until the barrow is full of just the right proportions of lead and iron and lime and various ores to take out all of the silver in the smelting. The Mexicans who do this are paid 75 cents a day, worth 37 1/2 cents a day American money. Then come the feeders and the furnace men, who know just what to dump in the barrow loads at the top and just when to tap at the bottom to draw off the bullion. This labor that receives \$1 a day in Mexican silver, or 50 cents a day in gold, the slag pullers get 75 cents a day in silver.

The pay of the Omaha smelter averages \$2 a day, or \$800 for 400 laborers, the equivalent of \$1,600 in Mexican money. The pay at the Monterey smelter averages \$1 a day in Mexican money, or \$400 for 400 employees.

Here is a difference of \$1,200 Mexican money or \$600 gold in the daily pay rolls.

Great sales prove the great merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla, and great merit enables it to accomplish wonderful cures.

—We supply shaving outfits that we guarantee. Get one at Fox's, 75 Government street.

THE WARRIORS AT HOME.

It was inspiring yesterday morning to stand on Washington street and to see the Ancients and Honorables, with their bronzed faces, marching by, to the sound of martial music, on their return from their visit abroad. Though a strictly honorable company, they have received on the other side such a testimony to their importance as representatives of American military prowess that they return home with the satisfaction of having done their country great credit while abroad, and of having won praise where it is not often given. Their visit was evidently more than welcome, and the behavior of Queen Victoria and the Prince of Wales was all that could be desired by American visitors. The treatment which Englishmen gave the Ancients will long be remembered as a witness to the cordial good feeling which should obtain between different members of a great and loyal race. In the case of the Ancients, the hospitalities had a distinction which will not be lost upon our people, and these hospitalities will do more than anything else to promote good feeling and to maintain friendly relations between the two countries.—Boston Herald.

Those unhappy persons who suffer from nervousness and dyspepsia should use Carter's Little Nerve Pills, which are made expressly for weak, sleepless, dyspeptic sufferers. Price 25 cents.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castor.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castor.
When she became a Girl, she clung to Castor.
When she had Children, she gave them Castor.

SEQUAH'S REMEDIES

Can be Obtained from
your Chemist

TAKE NO SUBSTITUTE

Don't forget, these
Remedies have been

PUBLICLY TESTED

and proved to be super-
ior to any other

Sold by all Chemists and druggists
from Langley & Henderson Bros.

Advertising

Won't perfect your business education
but it will sell your goods, and if you
possess the qualifications to carry on a
business it will bring you

SUCCESS

"THE TIMES," "Honest Advertising"
and "Quick Results" are synonymous
terms.

NOTICE

Yates Street, between Cook and
School Streets, is closed to public
traffic.

F. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

JOHN MESTON



Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, between Johnson and Pae
dora Streets.

TRANSPORTATION

Still the Fastest.

BUFFET
LIBRARY
CAR
ROUTE
TO
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POINTS
EAST.
GREAT
NORTHERN
RAILWAY
ROCK BALLAST—NO DUST.

Connecting at Duluth with the magni-
ficent passenger

Sts. Northwest and Northland.
For Saint St. Marie, Detroit, Cleveland,
Buffalo, and all points East. The
trip of a lifetime.

The Shortest Route to Kootenay Points.

Overland leaves Seattle 10 p.m. Coast
line 8:30 a.m. Overland arrives Seattle
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For further information call on or ad-
dress
R. G. BRYEN, J. H. ROBERTS, Agts.
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No Trouble...

To furnish information about
Splendid Service offered via "The
Northwestern Line" from Min-
neapolis and St. Paul to Milwa-
ukee and Chicago—it's a pleasure.
If you contemplate a trip East,
please drop a line to T. W. Tes-
dale, General Passenger Agent,
St. Paul, Minn., and receive il-
lustrated folder, free, with detail-
ed information about the three as-
per trains leaving St. Paul and
Minneapolis every day in the
week, together with any special in-
formation you may desire. Your
home agent will sell you tickets
via this first class line and reserve
you sleeping car berths in ad-
vance, on application.

F. W. PARKER,

Puget Sound Agent, Seattle.

Victoria & Sidney R'y

Trains will run between Victoria and Sidney
daily as follows:

Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 4:00 p.m.
Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SATURDAYS.

Leave Victoria at 7:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m.
Leave Sidney at 8:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

SUNDAYS.

Leave Victoria at 9:00 a.m., 2:00 p.m.
Leave Sidney at 10:15 a.m., 5:15 p.m.

TRANSPORTATION.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS

To and From All European Points

FROM MONTELEONE

Alban Line Sardinian... Sept. 20
Allan Line Numidian... Oct. 3
Dominion Line Ottoman... Sept. 26
Dominion Line Labrador... Oct. 3
Heaver Line Lake Ontario... Sept. 23
Beaver Line Lake Huron... Sept. 30

FROM NEW YORK

Canard Line Lucania... Sept. 26
Canard Line Aurania... Sept. 29
White Star Line Majestic... Sept. 23
White Star Line Germanic... Sept. 30
American Line St. Louis... Sept. 23
American Line St. Paul... Sept. 30
Red Star Line Westerland... Sept. 23
Red Star Line Southwark... Sept. 30
Anchor Line Furness... Sept. 26
Anchor Line Circassia... Oct. 3
North German Lloyd Bremen... Sept. 22
North German Lloyd Munchen... Sept. 26
French Line La Gascoigne... Sept. 23
French Line La Bretagne... Oct. 3
For rates, berths, tickets, and all infor-
mation, apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY,
Gen. Port and Govt. Bns., Victoria, General
S.S. Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

The only transcontinental route operating its
own elegantly fitted sleeping and
tourist cars to

Boston, Montreal,
Toronto, St. Paul,
Minneapolis

WITHOUT CHANGE.

The shortest and cheapest route
to the

Cariboo and Kootenay Gold Fields.

For rates, sleeping accommodation and all in-
formation regarding your trip, apply to
GEO. L. COURTNEY, Agent,
Gen. Port and Government Bns.,
Victoria.

GEO. McF. BROWN,
Dist. Pass. Agent, Vancouver.

Canadian Pacific Navigation Co. (LIMITED.)

Time Table No. 27, Taking Effect June
31st, 1896.

VANCOUVER ROUTE.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Mon-
day at 2 o'clock.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Mon-
day, at 12:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P.
R. No. 1 train.

NEW WESTMINSTER ROUTE.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Lan-
gner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday
at 2 o'clock. Wednesday and Friday
at 7 o'clock. Sunday's steamer to New
Westminster connects with C. P. R.
train No. 2 going east on Friday
at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moreby Islands Friday at
7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Mon-
day at 12:15 o'clock; Thursday and Sat-
urday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Moreby Islands
Thursday morning at 7 o'clock.

NORTH-KEEN ROUTE.

Steamships of this company will leave for
Port Simpson and intermediate ports via
Vancouver the first and 15th of each month
at 8 o'clock, when sufficient inducements
offer will extend trips to West Coast points
and Queen Charlotte Islands.

HAZELTINE ROUTE.

Steamer Hazelton leaves Victoria for Al-
berta and Sound ports on the 10th, 20th
and 30th of each month.

The company reserves the right of chang-
ing this time table at any time without
notification.

G. A. CHARLTON, J. S. IRVING,
General Agent, Manager.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RY.

TIME TABLE NO. 26.

To Take Effect at 8:00 a.m. on Saturday
March 21st, 1896.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

GOING NORTH.

By Victoria for Nanaimo and Esquimalt	Daily	Sat'dy and Sun'dy
Ar. Nanaimo	8:00	8:00
Ar. Esquimalt	8:15	8:15
Ar. Wellington	12:01	12:01

GOING SOUTH.

By Wellington for Victoria	Daily	Sat'dy and Sun'dy
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria	8:00	8:00
Lv. Esquimalt	8:15	8:15
Lv. Victoria	12:01	12:01

For rates and information apply to the
Company's offices.

A. R. BURNETT, President,
J. E. PRIOR, Gen. Supt.
Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

Str. JOAN,

L. F. LOCKER, Master.

Sails as follows calling at way ports as
freight and passengers may order.

Lv. Victoria... Tuesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Comox, Wednesday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Comox for Nanaimo... Friday, 7 a.m.
Lv. Nanaimo for Victoria, Saturday, 7 a.m.

For freight or staterooms apply on board,
or at the company's ticket office, Victoria
station, Store Street.

Pacific Coast Steamship Co'y.

The magnificent steamer City of Poughkeepsie
Wells Wells and Unifail ply between Vic-
toria, B.C., and SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT,
carrying Her Majesty's mails.

Leave Victoria, B.C.	Leave San Francisco for Victoria, B.C.
Aug. 1, 10, 18, 26, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100	Aug. 1, 10, 18, 26, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100

The magnificent steamer City of Poughkeepsie
Wells Wells and Unifail ply between Vic-
toria, B.C., and SAN FRANCISCO DIRECT,
carrying Her Majesty's mails.

R. P. BURNETT & CO., Agents,
81 & 83 West St., Victoria, B.C.
GOODALL, PERKINS & CO., Agents,
100 Front Street, San Francisco.

TRANSPORTATION.

Oregon-Asiatic Steamship Line.

FOR
**HONOLULU,
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AS. MONROVIAHIRE, 420 tons dead
weight, due here September 25th.

F. C. DAVIDGE & CO'Y,

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Commission Merchants and Shipping Agents,
IMPORTERS OF
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Board of Trade Building, Victoria.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and
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wharf, foot of Pender St., San Francisco.
For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change.

The splendid, new 3,000 tons steel screw
S.S. ALAKIDA, Thursday, Sept. 17th, at 2
p.m. or immediately on arrival of the Hag-
lah mail.

FOR HONOLULU ONLY
S. S. ALAKIDA, (3,000 tons) Tuesday,
Sept. 22, 1896, at 10 a.m.

For passage apply to 114 Montgomery
street. For freight apply to 27 Market St.
J. D. SPARKS & BROS., CO.,
General Agents,
R. F. BRYEN & CO., Agents,
Victoria.

TO ALL POINTS ON PUGET SOUND,

SS. "ROSALIE"

Leaves Victoria daily at 10 a.m., except
Sundays.
Arriving at Victoria daily except Sundays
at 8 a.m.
Leaves Seattle at 12:30 a.m. Daily except
Sundays.

For tickets and information call on
J. K. DEVLIN, Agent,
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NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

The only line running

2-DAILY TRAINS--2

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Through Pullman Sleeping Cars,
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To Chicago, Washington, Phil-
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Also to China and Japan via
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The only all rail route to Nelson, B. C.
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For full information, time cards, maps,
etc., call on or address
R. E. BLACKWOOD,
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A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass. Agt., 222 Morrison St.,
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TAKE THE FINE STEAMER

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Speed, 18 knots. Tonnage, 1147.

By Victoria for Seattle	By Seattle for Victoria
Ar. Seattle	Ar. Seattle
Ar. Tacoma	Ar. Tacoma
Ar. Everett	Ar. Everett
Ar. Bellingham	Ar. Bellingham
Ar. Skagitway	Ar. Skagitway
Ar. Port Townsend	Ar. Port Townsend
Ar. Seattle	Ar. Seattle

Steamer City of Kingston makes con-
nection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains
to and from points east and south.
Daily except Monday.

R. E. BLACKWOOD,
Asst. Victoria, B. C.

Spokane Falls & Northern Ry.

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C.

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo,
Kootenay Lake and Shuswap Points.

British Columbia.

NANAIMO.

An extensive bush fire is raging near Northfield, between the Hamilton Powder Works and the E. & N. railway track. The city and vicinity is now enveloped in a thick smoke.

The Rev. R. A. Bonquet arrived by the Princess Louise last night to take the rectorship of St. Alban's Episcopal church. Mr. Bonquet comes from Kesgrave, Camberwell, England, where he was vicar under Bishop Shephard. He is an M. A. of Christ Church, Oxford, having taken theological honors. He was ordained in the diocese of Norwich.

VANCOUVER.

The police magistrate started in on Tuesday to hear 35 charges of liquor-selling during unlawful hours, nearly all the more prominent saloons being concerned. Judgment on a technical point was reserved.

Voting took place Tuesday on the by-law to grant exemption from taxation to the B. C. Iron Works Company for 30 years. It is not, however, known whether the by-law is carried or not as it requires a three-fifths majority. It is defeated one more vote in its favor would have passed it, whereas if a bare majority is required it is carried by a majority of 40 votes.

A site for the proposed marine railway has been secured in the vicinity of the sugar refinery, and it is stated that the necessary capital is ready.

NEW WESTMINSTER.

The sad intelligence reached the city late Sunday afternoon, of the death, that day, at the Sacred Heart Hospital, Spokane, Wash., of Mr. W. H. Wilson, brother of Mrs. Homer, of this city. Mr. Wilson had been for more than a year collector of customs at Trail, in Kootenay, B. C., and on being taken ill went to Spokane for medical treatment. Mr. Wilson's relatives in this city have been aware for several weeks that he was ill, but were not aware that his illness was of such a serious nature.

Mr. Wilson was a native of Barrington, Nova Scotia, and came to British Columbia in 1862, to meet his brother-in-law, the late Mr. J. A. B. Homer, M. P., who at the time was owner of a sawmill, and landed the Fraser river for a foreign port. The cargo was sent to Australia. Mr. Wilson went as supercargo. Shortly after his return from Australia Mr. Wilson went to Kamloops, and engaged in a general mercantile business with Mr. J. A. Mara, the firm being known as Mara & Wilson. The partnership was successful, and existed for many years. Mr. Wilson returned to the coast in the early eighties, and made a very considerable fortune in real estate in Port Moody, New Westminster and Vancouver. Subsequent speculations, however, in Seattle and other places south of the boundary proved unfortunate, and his losses consumed nearly all the wealth he had accumulated. Last year he went to Kootenay, and shortly afterwards was appointed collector of customs at Trail.

KASLO.

It is reported that recent discoveries on the Galena Farm had fair to make that property the rival of the Slocan Star.

C. E. Race is down from the Hebe. He looks cheerful, which is equivalent to saying that the property is looking all right.

Superintendent Whitney, of the new sampling works, informs the Kootenayan that carpenters are very scarce, and that he is having difficulty in securing workmen on the sampler.

One of the novel sights connected with Kaslo's building boom is a big Indian, characteristically clad-wearing a stab-knife, long hair, etc.—who is engaged in piling lumber at one of the large buildings.

The electric lighting question as it stood before the council a week ago, is still unaltered, and that body is still wrestling with it apparently to no purpose, at least not in the way of progress.

Jack Porter, one of the owners of the Black Fox, and H. E. Porter, superintendent, came to town yesterday. The Fox will graduate in the class of 90 as shipping mine. Packers are now bringing down a shipment of two cars, and development has blocked out enough ore to assure steady shipments after the new-bidding season begins. The shipping ore will go 110 ounces silver, and 70 per cent lead.

Revel & Morphy, a well-known Victoria law firm who figured in the early history of Kaslo, have given in to a long pursued desire to found a branch of their law business in Kaslo, and will at once open an office with Mr. Morphy at its head. Mr. Morphy has been here for several days.

The Kaslo City smelter people are now said to be negotiating in earnest for the "Hot Boy" smelter, but nothing definite can as yet be learned. It is reported too, that orders have been received at the smelter from the Kootenay management, directing that everything be placed in operation at an early date.

President D. J. Munn, of the Kaslo and Slocan, came in Thursday from New Westminster and will remain several days. He is gratified at the splendid record of his road this year, and looks forward to a big business this fall and winter. Mr. Munn says that the coming of so many eastern and southern people to Kootenay is awakening the feeling in before it is too late.

Guy Reeder, who left a couple of weeks ago for the scene of the recent gold strike on the upper Duncan river, returned Tuesday, after having thoroughly prospected the country adjacent to the strike. He made no locations, but verified all the reports concerning the strike by Matthews and Simpson. The ledge, he says, is fully as large as reported, from 40 to 50 feet, and extends across the entire claim. Nine claims have been located on the ledge. Many who went in returned, like Reeder, without finding anything, and those who were on the scene when he left were preparing to come away. Mr. Reeder expresses it as his opinion that Matthews, Simpson and Green have a big thing.

Engineer Cummings has recommended Kaslo river as the source of supply for the water works. He estimates the

cost of a filtration and gravity plant at \$20,000.

NELSON.

There were some respectable purchases of Slocan stock this week. It is estimated that 30,000 shares were taken up at \$2.35. A number of Nelson people bought. The par value of these shares is 50 cents.

Work was commenced this week on the Francis J. on Morning mountain, the property of the recently organized Alhambra Gold and Copper Mining company. Dr. Sinclair has charge of the work. He is putting up a couple of cabins and will sink a fifty-foot shaft.

In the case of McCune vs. Bailey, in which the plaintiff, a co-owner of the defendant in the Payne mine seeks a declaration of partnership and a sale of the property, the defendant on Thursday made an application to postpone the trial, owing to the absence of his counsel. The application was dismissed by Justice McCreight.

The Hall mines smelter will probably close down on Monday. The work of installing the new machinery at the mine is interfering with the ore supply and the smelter will shut down until the same can be got into shape on the hill.

The Harnard Gold and Copper Mining Company is the name of a limited liability company, which has been organized for the purpose of developing a couple of Slocan prospects and three in Trail Creek. The company proposes to stock five prospects for \$1,000,000, approximately 500,000 one dollar shares for development purposes, said shares to be fully paid up, and to be sold at 50 cents for the first 200,000 shares and 5 cents per share. The trustees of the company are P. W. Swannell, M. O'Reilly and Robert Shiell.

The trouble between the different interests in the Homestake Mining Company has not been cleared up as at first reported. A. P. Sawyer, who owns 31,000 shares in the company, is taking legal proceedings against D. M. Linnard and his associates in the New Homestake Gold Mining Company. Sawyer states that the stock which he represents has not been settled for. An offer was made by Mr. Linnard to give one share of stock in the new company for each two shares of stock held in the old company. As the capitalization of the new company had been doubled, this practically amounted to an offer of one share to four. This offer was refused, and a counter offer made by Mr. Sawyer and his associates, which was accepted by Mr. Linnard's representative. Subsequently Mr. Linnard refused to carry out the agreement in question.

THE SOLDIER'S FRIEND.

This generation, accustomed to the wise care bestowed upon the wants and comforts of the private soldier, can scarcely credit the neglect with which the British government treated their troops in the Peninsula. Though Wellington did his best for the men under his command, even his remarkable power of organization could not atone for the apathy with which the military regarded the war in Spain. Reinforcements of men the War Office did indeed send him; but small supplies of stores and little money ever reached him, though millions were annually shipped from England to the Continent to bribe the powers to fight their own battles against Napoleon. More than once his men did not receive their pay for six months together; they marched barefooted and in rain; during four campaigns they were supplied with tents, in health they were often short of food; in sickness they were badly tended; for the hospitals were so ill-equipped, the doctors so few in number that two hundred dying men were left with one solitary hospital mate to dress their wounds and minister to their wants.

Against this state of things Wellington struggled hard, and as far as the aid of his personal influence extended, with success. But officers, even under the Duke's own eyes, were callous to the sufferings of the rank and file, and must have escaped sent free, though condole punishment occasionally overtook them. Thus Wellington one evening at dinner was told that at a British post, several miles distant, there were a considerable number of sick soldiers lying in the open, without shelter and exposed to the weather. That night the Duke rode to the village, inspected the sick, and then roused the officers from the comfortable houses in which they had taken up their quarters. To his enquiry why the sick were thus left neglected, the commanding officer coolly replied that there was no accommodation for them in the place. The Duke himself went round to all the houses owned by these unfortunates, and settled the numbers of the sick, who were to be billeted in each dwelling; he then gave specific orders that the invalids were to be at once removed into the houses, and to remain where he had placed them. So sickly were these men that they were not fit to be moved, and found that the invalids had been again turned out into the street. The sick were placed under arrest and marched to headquarters, where they were promptly tried and cashiered for disobedience to orders.—Social England.

In a recent letter to the manufacturers of the Spectator, Rushford, N. Y., says: "It may be a pleasure to you to know the high esteem in which Chamberlain's medicines are held by the people of your own state, where they must be well known. A lady of mine, who resides at Dexter, Iowa, was about to visit me a few years since, and before leaving home wrote me, asking if they were sold here, stating that if they were not she would bring a quantity with her, as she did not like to be without them." The medicines referred to are Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, famous for its cures of cold and croup; Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism, lame back, pains in the side and chest, and Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for bowel complaints. These medicines have been in constant use in Iowa for almost a quarter of a century. The people have learned that they are articles of great worth and merit, and unobscured by any other. They are for sale here by all druggists, Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

—Treat rods and flies, see our the stock at Fox's, 78 Govt. St.

The strength of the whole is in the quality of the parts.



Its great advantage is the thoroughness with which it accomplishes the work. Its simplicity, and the ease with which it is used, but "use not words, tell of its usefulness." No. 1 Bottle and Shield with Outlet Tubing, \$3.00 each. For use with any Hot Enema, Fountain Syringe or Com. Syringe.

No. 2 Enema, Shield Outlet Tubing, 2 qt. Fountain Bag and 3 extra pipes complete in itself, \$5.00 each. No. 3 Bottle, Shield Outlet Tubing, 2 qt. Water Bottle, with attachment for changing into a Fountain Syringe, complete in itself, \$3.50 each. If sent direct has not got these in stock and will not procure them for you, we will mail one or more, postage free, upon receipt of the price.

ALPHA RUBBER CO., P. O. Box 28, Montreal.

Manufacturers of Fine Rubber Goods.

A little pamphlet entitled "Hints" is sent free upon application. Send for it.

NEAR TO DEATH.

This was the Condition of the Young Son of Mr. John English, of Lakeside, Ont.—Extremely Nervous, Debilitated, Suffering Without Vitality or Vigor, the Highest Medical Skill Was Unable to Battle With His Disease.

Whatever may be the cause, it is unfortunately too true that large numbers of children are afflicted with nervous troubles. These in many cases assume aggravated conditions and develop often into what is really a feature of paralysis.

A result of severe sickness some years ago, Robert B. English, the young son of Mr. John English, who conducts a large carriage business in Lakeside, Ontario, became the victim of what seemed like chronic nervousness. The child was taken with severe twitchings accompanied by fits that were deemed to be epilepsy. The whole system was brought into requisition, but no relief was secured. South American Nerve was used, and with the result that after six bottles had been taken the boy was restored to perfect health and in to-day one of the most robust and healthy children in his section of the country.

The case of Minnie Stevens, of London, Ont., daughter of F. A. Stevens, of the Stevens Manufacturing Company, is a somewhat similar case. Twelve bottles of medicine cured a severe case of paralysis there.

LORD SALISBURY'S HEAD.

We cannot feel altogether satisfied as to the position of England in regard to foreign politics. There is an unpleasant sense abroad that we are drifting. We do not say that these misgivings are justified. Indeed, we are inclined to believe that they are not, because we have very great confidence in Lord Salisbury's ability, know that he has the comprehensive head which is so essential in diplomacy, realize that he sees things in their true relations, and does not mistake great for small, and understand that he will neither sacrifice our essential interests for a grant of mere regard as essential matters of no real moment. But for all that, and in spite of our belief in Lord Salisbury's skill and statesmanship, we are, as we have said, not altogether content, and fear that the indefinite uncertainty in the public mind is founded upon true instinct.

In our opinion that want is a little more outspoken on the part of our leaders in both parties. The country wants a lead, and a strong lead, as regards our foreign relations. As it is, the situation is somewhat of a dead-lock. The country at present has no strong opinion in regard to foreign affairs.—The Spectator.

Think It Over.

Have you ever heard of a medicine with such a record of cures as Hood's Sarsaparilla? Don't you know that Hood's Sarsaparilla, the One True Blood Purifier, has proved, over and over again, that it is the best of all other remedies for cure.

HOOD'S PILLS assist digestion, 25 cents.

—Short lengths of hemp carpet matting, etc., at Weller Bros. We want to clear these remnants.

Mrs. Lovey (proudly)—Yes, Mr. Lovey and I have been married for 25 years, and we have yet to make up our first quarrel.

Miss Pert—Isn't that a rather long time to perk?

Act on the Liver and the Kidneys.

For that Rheumatism of Yours.

ALL Kinds of Rheumatic Affections—Acute Rheumatism, Chronic Rheumatism, Indurated Rheumatism, Sciatic Rheumatism, Gout and Gravel, Pains in the Side and Chest, and Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for bowel complaints. These medicines have been in constant use in Iowa for almost a quarter of a century. The people have learned that they are articles of great worth and merit, and unobscured by any other. They are for sale here by all druggists, Langley & Henderson Bros., wholesale agents, Victoria and Vancouver.

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MUNICIPAL.

List of Lands and Improvements within the Corporation of the City of Victoria, to be sold for Taxes Interest and Costs on the 1st day of October, 1896, at the City Hall, Victoria, at 12 o'clock m., in pursuance of "The Victoria Real Property Tax Sale By-Law, 1896," unless in the meantime the Arrears of Taxes, Interest and Costs due in respect of each Lot in the Schedule hereunder be paid.

Lot.	Block.	Section.	Lands and Improvements.	Assessed Owner.	Registered Owner.	Amount of Taxes for year ending 31st Dec. 1895, including interest and costs.	Amount of Taxes for year ending 31st Dec. 1896, including interest and costs.	Amount of Taxes for year ending 31st Dec. 1897, including interest and costs.	Amount of Taxes for year ending 31st Dec. 1898, including interest and costs.	Amount of Taxes for year ending 31st Dec. 1899, including interest and costs.	Amount of Taxes for year ending 31st Dec. 1900, including interest and costs.
Part 21.	3	11	Improvements.	Mac Wab.	Columbus Jones.	\$ 3.47	\$ 4.49	\$ 5.49	\$ 6.49	\$ 7.49	\$ 8.49
22	4	12	Land and Imp.	Mrs. C. T. McKay.	Thos. Charles and Christine McKay.	1.99	2.99	3.99	4.99	5.99	6.99
23	5	13	do do	Mrs. J. K. Greenwood.	John K. Greenwood.	2.99	3.99	4.99	5.99	6.99	7.99
24	6	14	do do	McEwen & McEwen.	Robt. McLennan and Edward J. McPherson.	3.99	4.99	5.99	6.99	7.99	8.99
25	7	15	do do	do do	do do	4.99	5.99	6.99	7.99	8.99	9.99
26	8	16	do do	do do	do do	5.99	6.99	7.99	8.99	9.99	10.99
27	9	17	do do	do do	do do	6.99	7.99	8.99	9.99	10.99	11.99
28	10	18	do do	do do	do do	7.99	8.99	9.99	10.99	11.99	12.99
29	11	19	do do	do do	do do	8.99	9.99	10.99	11.99	12.99	13.99
30	12	20	do do	do do	do do	9.99	10.99	11.99	12.99	13.99	14.99
31	13	21	do do	do do	do do	10.99	11.99	12.99	13.99	14.99	15.99
32	14	22	do do	do do	do do	11.99	12.99	13.99	14.99	15.99	16.99
33	15	23	do do	do do	do do	12.99	13.99	14.99	15.99	16.99	17.99
34	16	24	do do	do do	do do	13.99	14.99	15.99	16.99	17.99	18.99
35	17	25	do do	do do	do do	14.99	15.99	16.99	17.99	18.99	19.99
36	18	26	do do	do do	do do	15.99	16.99	17.99	18.99	19.99	20.99
37	19	27	do do	do do	do do	16.99	17.99	18.99	19.99	20.99	21.99
38	20	28	do do	do do	do do	17.99	18.99	19.99	20.99	21.99	22.99
39	21	29	do do	do do	do do	18.99	19.99	20.99	21.99	22.99	23.99
40	22	30	do do	do do	do do	19.99	20.99	21.99	22.99	23.99	24.99
41	23	31	do do	do do	do do	20.99	21.99	22.99	23.99	24.99	25.99
42	24	32	do do	do do	do do	21.99	22.99	23.99	24.99	25.99	26.99
43	25	33	do do	do do	do do	22.99	23.99	24.99	25.99	26.99	27.99
44	26	34	do do	do do	do do	23.99	24.99	25.99	26.99	27.99	28.99
45	27	35	do do	do do	do do	24.99	25.99	26.99	27.99	28.99	29.99
46	28	36	do do	do do	do do	25.99	26.99	27.99	28.99	29.99	30.99
47	29	37	do do	do do	do do	26.99	27.99	28.99	29.99	30.99	31.99
48	30	38	do do	do do	do do	27.99	28.99	29.99	30.99	31.99	32.99
49	31	39	do do	do do	do do	28.99	29.99	30.99	31.99	32.99	33.99
50	32	40	do do	do do	do do	29.99	30.99	31.99	32.99	33.99	34.99
51	33	41	do do	do do	do do	30.99	31.99	32.99	33.99	34.99	35.99
52	34	42	do do	do do	do do	31.99	32.99	33.99	34.99	35.99	36.99
53	35	43	do do	do do	do do	32.99	33.99	34.99	35.99	36.99	37.99
54	36	44	do do	do do	do do	33.99	34.99	35.99	36.99	37.99	38.99
55	37	45	do do	do do	do do	34.99	35.99	36.99	37.99	38.99	39.99
56	38	46	do do	do do	do do	35.99	36.99	37.99	38.99	39.99	40.99
57	39	47	do do	do do	do do	36.99	37.99	38.99	39.99	40.99	41.99
58	40	48	do do	do do	do do	37.99	38.99	39.99	40.99	41.99	42.99
59	41	49	do do	do do	do do	38.99	39.99	40.99	41.99	42.99	43.99
60	42	50	do do	do do	do do	39.99	40.99	41.99	42.99	43.99	44.99
61	43	51	do do	do do	do do	40.99	41.99	42.99	43.99	44.99	45.99
62	44	52	do do	do do	do do	41.99	42.99	43.99	44.99	45.99	46.99
63	45	53	do do	do do	do do	42.99	43.99	44.99	45.99	46.99	47.99
64	46	54	do do	do do	do do	43.99	44.99	45.99	46.99	47.99	48.99
65	47	55	do do	do do	do do	44.99	45.99	46.99	47.99	48.99	49.99
66	48	56	do do	do do	do do	45.99	46.99	47.99	48.99	49.99	50.99
67	49	57	do do	do do	do do	46.99	47.99	48.99	49.99	50.99	51.99
68	50	58	do do	do do	do do	47.99	48.99	49.99	50.99	51.99	52.99
69	51	59	do do	do do	do do	48.99	49.99	50.99	51.99	52.99	53.99
70	52	60	do do	do do	do do	49.99	50.99	51.99	52.99	53.99	54.99
71	53	61	do do	do do	do do	50.99	51.99	52.99	53.99	54.99	55.99
72	54	62	do do	do do	do do	51.99	52.99	53.99	54.99	55.99	56.99
73	55	63	do do	do do	do do	52.99	53.99	54.99	55.99	56.99	57.99
74	56	64	do do	do do	do do	53.99	54.99	55.99	56.99	57.99	58.99
75	57	65	do do	do do	do do	54.99	55.99	56.99	57.99	58.99	59.99
76	58	66	do do	do do	do do	55.99	56.99	57.99	58.99	59.99	60.99
77	59	67	do do	do do	do do	56.99	57.99	58.99	59.99	60.99	61.99
78	60	68	do do	do do	do do	57.99	58.99	59.99	60.99	61.99	62.99
79	61	69	do do	do do	do do	58.99	59.99	60.99	61.99	62.99	63.99
80	62	70	do do	do do	do do	59.99	60.99	61.99	62.99	63.99	64.99
81	63	71	do do	do do	do do	60.99	61.99	62.99	63.99	64.99	65.99
82	64	72	do do	do do	do do	61.99	62.99	63.99	64.99	65.99	66.99
83	65	73	do do	do do	do do	62.99	63.99	64.99	65.99	66.99	67.99
84	66	74	do do	do do	do do	63.99	64.99	65.99	66.99	67.99	68.99
85	67	75	do do	do do	do do	64.99	65.99	66.99	67.99	68.99	69.99
86	68	76	do do	do do	do do	65.99	66.99	67.99	68.99	69.99	70.99
87	69	77	do do	do do	do do	66.99	67.99	68.99	69.99	70.99	71.99
88	70	78	do do	do do	do do	67.99	68.99	69.99	70.99	71.99	72.99
89	71	79	do do	do do	do do	68.99	69.99	70.99	71.99	72.99	73.99
90	72	80	do do	do do	do do	69.99	70.99	71.99	72.99	73.99	74.99
91	73	81	do do	do do	do do	70.99	71.99	72.99	73.99	74.99	75.99
92	74	82	do do	do do	do do	71.99	72.99	73.99	74.99	75.99	76.99
93	75	83	do do	do do	do do	72.99	73.99	74.99	75.99	76.99	77.99
94	76	84	do do	do do	do do	73.99	74.99	75.99	76.99	77.99	78.99
95	77	85	do do	do do	do do	74.99	75.99	76.99	77.99	78.99	79.99
96	78	86	do do	do do	do do	75.99	76.99	77.99	78.99	79.99	80.99
97	79	87	do do	do do	do do	76.99	77.99	78.99	79.99	80.99	81.99
98	80	88	do do	do do	do do	77.99	78.99	79.99	80.99	81.99	82.99
99	81	89	do do	do do	do do	78.99	79.99	80.99	81.99	82.99	83.99
100	82	90	do do	do do	do do	79.99	80.99	81.99	82.99	83.99	84.99
101	83	91	do do	do do	do do	80.99	81.99	82.99	83.99	84.99	85.99
102	84	92	do do	do do	do do	81.99	82.99	83.99	84.99	85.99	86.99
103	85	93	do do	do do	do do	82.99	83.99	84.99	85.99	86.99	87.99
104	86	94	do do	do do	do do	83.99	84.99	85.99	86.99	87.99	88.99
105	87	95	do do	do do	do do	84.99	85.99	86.99	87.99	88.99	89.99
106	88	96	do do	do do	do do	85.99	86.99	87.99	88.99	89.99	90.99
107	89	97	do do	do do	do do	86.99	87.99	88.99	89.99	90.99	91.99
108	90	98	do do	do do	do do	87.99	88.99	89.99	90.99	91.99	92.99
109	91	99	do do	do do	do do	88.99	89.99	90.99	91.99	92.99	93.99
110	92	100	do do	do do	do do	89.99	90.99	91.99	92.99	93.99	94.99
111	93	101	do do	do do	do do	90.99	91.99	92.99	93.99	94.99	95.99
112	94	102	do do	do do	do do	91.99	92.99	93.99	94.99	95.99	96.99
113	95	103	do do	do do	do do	92.99	93.99	94.99	95.99	96.99	97.99
114	96	104	do do	do do	do do	93.99	94.99	95.99	96.99	97.99	98.99
115	97	105	do do	do do	do do	94.99	95.99	96.99	97.99	98.99	99.99
116	98	106	do do	do do	do do	95.99	96.99	97.99	98.99	99.99	100.99
117	99	107	do do	do do	do do	96.99	97.99	98.99	99.99	100.99	101.99
118	100	108	do do	do do	do do	97.99	98.99	99.99	100.99	101.99	102.99
119	101	109	do do	do do	do do	98.99	99.99	100.99	101.99	102.99	103.99
120	102	110	do do	do do	do do	99.99	100.99	101.99	102.99	103.99	104.99
121	103	111	do do	do do	do do	100.99	101.99	102.99	103.99	104.99	105.99
122	104	112	do do	do do	do do	101.99	102.99	103.99	104.99	105.99	106.99
123	105	113	do do	do do	do do	102.99	103.99	104.99	105.99	106.99	107.99
124	106	114	do do	do do	do do	103.99	104.99	105.99	106.99	107.99	108.99
125	107	115	do do	do do	do do	104.99	105.99	106.99	107.99	108.99	109.99
126	108	116	do do	do do	do do	105.99	106.99	107.99	108.99	109.99	110.99
127	109	117	do do	do do	do do	106.99	107.99	108.99	109.99	110.99	111.99
128	110	118	do do	do do	do do	107.99	108.99	109.99	110.99	111.99	112.99
129	111	119	do do	do do	do do	108.99	109.99	110.99	111.99	112.99	113.99
130	112	120	do do	do do	do do	109.99	110.99	111.99	112.99	113.99	114.99
131	113	121	do do	do do	do do	110.99	111.99	112.99	113.99	114.99	115.99
132	114	122	do do	do do	do do	111.99	112.99	113.99	114.99	115.99	116.99
133	115	123	do do	do do	do do	112.99	113.99	114.99	115.99	116.99	117.99
134	116	124	do do								

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

FROM THE FAR NORTH

Mr. Murdoch Returns from Unexplored Northern Portion of British Columbia.

Country Rich in Minerals and Home of Caribou, Moose and Ptarmigan.

Few intrepid explorers have brought back to civilization more interesting descriptions of the unknown wilds through which they travelled than that told by J. Murdoch, who is registered at the Occidental hotel. Mr. Murdoch does not hail from darkest Africa, nor was he a member of Dr. Nauman's party. He came from a district nearer home, but still a district of which little is known, and which has seldom been visited by a white man. Since leaving Victoria, some three years ago, Mr. Murdoch and two companions have explored those frozen wilds from which the waters of the Finlay river rise to enter the still colder Arctic ocean. He has enjoyed the trip, too, and after transacting some business will leave again for that northern region. Neither the climate nor the fertility of the soil in that district would induce Mr. Murdoch to settle himself for the most stays on the ground until July and the greater portion of the country is nothing but mountains and rocky mountains at that. The magnet which attracts is gold. The three years have been spent in mining and prospecting, and while Mr. Murdoch and his party have discovered nothing wonderfully rich, they have washed from the banks of the Finlay and other of its tributaries as high as \$50 each per day.

They spent their winters at Fort Graham, the Hudson Bay Co.'s trading post on the Finlay river. In the spring of '04 they canoed up the Finlay for 200 miles above Fort Graham. The Finlay is a very swift running stream, and can only be ascended in the spring before the snow begins to melt or late in the fall after the waters subside. After reaching a point where the canoes could no longer be used, the party walked along the north fork of the Finlay and found out that the map makers were in error. On all provincial maps this fork of the river is shown as coming from Tutuaga lake, apparently a large body of water. They found no lake there at all, but were told by the Indians that the north fork came from such a lake. The party then struck out across the divide until the head waters of the Skeena were reached. Fine gold was found in all the streams, and the country gave indications of being rich in minerals. The trip across the country was made on snowshoes, and as it was June 27 before the headwaters of the Finlay were left, it gives one a good idea of the lateness of the season.

"Never before did I see such a country for game," said Mr. Murdoch today. "It is a veritable sportsman's paradise. Above the snow line, which is almost the whole of the district, are innumerable ptarmigan, and the valleys are filled with moose and caribou. If the sportsman who comes to British Columbia only knew of this glorious country for his game they would have all the hardships of travel to get in there."

While the indications for gold along the Finlay and its tributaries are the brightest, Mr. Murdoch says that it is an excellent country for a man with money to keep away from. The severity of the winters, the lack of trails, and consequent difficulty of getting in supplies and the very high cost of living makes it a country for men of some means only. On the lower Finlay some mining has been done, and nine white men will remain there this winter. The only place where supplies can be secured is at Fort Graham, and as they have to be packed between Lake Babine and the Finlay river before they reach there, the cost is necessarily high.

Mr. Murdoch, while in Victoria, will interview the government with the object of securing some assistance to build a trail from Hazelton in the Skeena to the headwaters of the Finlay. The distance is not very great, and the country through which the trail will go is sure to become a popular district for prospectors.

FRIGHTFUL ACCIDENT.

A Tally-Ho Coach Goes Over an Embankment and Kills Six People.

Warsaw, Ind., Sept. 10.—A frightful accident occurred to a camping party of young people which started out from this city. When about five miles from this city their horses took fright. They backed the rear wheels of the tall-ho over an embankment and the people, horses and vehicle were rolled down a hillside in a mangled and bloody mass. Six persons were killed. The names are as follows: James Fitzhugh, Frank Metzger, Mary Cundiff, Francis Conn, Agnes Lewis, Edward Smythe.

A CRUEL DISAPPOINTMENT.

Grief of a Lady Who Expected the World to Come to an End.

London, Sept. 10.—Mrs. Warren, a widow residing near Shipwreck in this county, has been reading about the New York prophet who predicted the world was to come to an end on Wednesday last. She became convinced that the prediction would be verified and spent Monday and Tuesday distributing all her worldly goods to her neighbors, and on Wednesday she donned a white robe and sat on her front doorstep all day. The event failed to come off, and on Thursday she made an effort to secure the return of her property, but failed. She will bring suit to recover.

THE C. P. R. RATES.

Nelson Tribune: The bulk of the farm produce imported into Rossland and other points in Southern Kootenay should be supplied by the farmers of the Okanagan country and the Northwest, but the rates of the C. P. R. company are so arranged that shippers from the Okanagan or Northwest might be operating at a loss in making shipments if the local market fell a point or two. If potatoes are worth a certain figure, say \$5 per ton in Vernon, and \$10 per ton at Rossland, the railway company fixes its rates approximately at the difference in price at the two points. There is not enough leeway to encourage shipments and in consequence the bulk of the supply is imported from the United States. Apparently, the railway company would rather draw a few tons of produce at a fancy price than a great many tons at a considerably lower price. This may be the result of greed on the part of the railway company or it may be occasioned by the fact that the railway company is behind the times and has not adequate facilities for reaching the busiest portions of the province. In either case the interests of the province suffer. The C. P. R. company could easily control this business if it adopted the proper course. By its present policy the C. P. R. is losing business, but the methods of railway companies are past finding out.

LOSS OF THE ILTIS.

How the German Gunboat Went Down in Chinese Waters.

The N. C. Daily News reproduces from Der Ostasiatische Lloyd the following account, based on official information of the loss of the Ilitis.

The Ilitis left Chefoo at 4 a.m. on the 23rd of July, the barometer rising and the wind being E. of strength 2. The day before there had been light E. wind and calm, and there was nothing to be feared from the appearance of the barometer, which was normal. The sky was cloudy and there was a slight rain. The Ilitis passed Weihaiwei, steaming and sailing, about noon, and at about 5 o'clock in the afternoon the northern point of the Shantung Promontory was sighted. Meanwhile the wind had freshened and blew from the southeast with nearly the strength of 7, so that steam sails were set. From here the gunboat took a course parallel to the coast, which was kept in sight. At 10 o'clock that watch on duty was called on deck to assist in furling the sails, and they then went below. The ship labored heavily, but not more than on former similar occasions. There were heavy rain squalls and the wind increased, but the engines worked well, and had given the ship an average speed of 7 knots an hour since leaving Chefoo. After the sails had been furled the ship went slow, and about half an hour later there was a severe shock. It was then found that the vessel was hard and fast on a rock. Owing to the darkness the closeness of the land had not been detected. She at once began to leak and the engine room and stoke hole were quickly flooded. All members of the crew were aroused and took their stations. As far as could be ascertained the ship had been carried by an extraordinary current to the N.W. upon a small rock which rises a little to the south of Flat Rock Point near the point of Saukoo Bay, about 7 nautical miles north of the S. E. Promontory. Lighthouse. The heavy sea now threw the vessel against the sharp edges of the rock, and her plates were gradually stove in. The majority of the crew gathered aft, where Commander Lieut. Captain Braun, and the officer of the watch, Lieut. Prasse, were standing on the bridge. Rockets were sent up in the hope of attracting assistance, but it soon became evident that no human aid was possible. Heavy seas washed over the vessel, which began to break up. At the moment of greatest danger the captain called the doomed crew together and called upon them to give three cheers for the Emperor. In this way did the brave sailors take farewell of life, and showed their fidelity to the oath they had taken. The ship then broke in two, forward of the stoke hole. The masts went overboard, breaking to pieces the officers' bridge and rails. Most of the men and officers were on the after part of the ship, and at this moment Commander Braun sank to join in sinking the flagged. The whole crew did so. The last verse of the song may be freely translated:

"And should the night of wild, wild storms
On to a reef we drive,
And dangers menace—'t matters not
From where our ship and life:
Our posts we never will desert
Until the last breath goes from us
We will our duty do.
And, joyful dying then we shout
Unfold true in death—
The Kaiser and our standard Hoek!
The flag, black, white and red!"

As the men sang their voices were drowned in the howling of the storm. The after part of the ship then commenced to heel over, and finally carried everything into the depths. Only two men who had been on it managed to reach the shore. The forward portion turned on the side, with the keel towards the shore, and a few men were able to cling to it. Whilst an attempt was being made to construct a raft, the next day, one of the men was washed off, but he managed to reach the shore. The others remained on board for three-six hours without any food, when the sea having abated, a Chinese boat came to their assistance and took them ashore. The inhabitants of the village, named Chingtau, behaved very kindly to the shipwrecked men, providing them with clothing and food. An English missionary, who happened to be there, attended to those men who had been injured, and the helper of the light-house at the S. E. Promontory, named Schwell,

came and took back with him his distressed countrymen at the same time dispatching a courier overland to Chefoo with the news of the disaster.

IS HE A CHANK?

A Russian Electrician Who Wants to Telephone to America.

London, Sept. 10.—The London papers make much of the alleged discovery of Kilschewski, the Moscow electrician, who claims to be able to make practicable telephonic communication between London and New York. The inventor says he has been asked to test the invention over the Atlantic cables. The managers of all the cable lines deny any knowledge of the Russian inventor and make light of his alleged discovery. Mr. Preece, the chief government electrician, declares the whole story is wildly improbable.

BIG BRIDGE ENDANGERED.

East River Bridge, New York, on a Bad Foundation.

New York, Sept. 10.—The undermining of the rear wall at the East River end of Fifty-second street caused about twenty feet of the street and about 1,000 cubic feet of the wall to topple over into the river with a crash that startled the neighborhood for several blocks around on Sunday evening. At the very edge of the enormous pit made by the care-less stands the towering wall of a cigarette factory.

OPPOSED TO CURSING.

A missionary chaplain in Natal, the Rev. George Smith, has been capriciously attached to the army for the period of the campaign, and was posted at the base hospital. During the whole of the long and fierce Zulu attack right gallantly he played his part in tending the sick, giving aid to the wounded and comforting the dying. No one had a greater share of danger than he, and no one showed a more soldierly example of treating that danger with calm indifference. Not only did he perform the duties of his office, but as every man could handle a rifle was sorely needed to defend the parapet. Mr. Smith did excellent service by going round the various posts and distributing reserve cartridges.

He will, we trust, pardon us if we repeat here a story which went around the army of South Africa bearing on the warrior spirit of his professional comrade on his occasion. "One of the men in the heat and excitement of battle, was cursing his enemies and using the most profane language. The chaplain, coming behind, heard his words, and said: 'You should not speak like that, my friend. Don't curse them!' Then, showing a packet of cartridges into his hand: 'Shoot them! Shoot them!' Among the rewards given for the action at Barok's Post, Mr. Smith was appointed a military chaplain, and British soldiers can never hope to have with them in time of trial stancher or better men than he.—Blackwood's Magazine.

X RAYS IN CONSUMPTION.

A number of well known physicians of Chicago have been treating an almost hopeless case of consumption with a direct application of the X rays through the lungs, and although they are not prepared to state positively that the disease has finally found its cure, some of them are forced to the conclusion that the result has been wonderful. One signs his name to the declaration that the effects "so far are but little short of the marvelous." They are all conservatives. They speak only of the changes actually recorded and waive final judgment until the patient shall have been subjected to the new discovery for a second period of five weeks.

Professor H. P. Pratt, who carried on the first experiments with Professor Hugo Wiegman, prepared his electrical apparatus and his special Crookes tubes for the application. The patient, whose face was withered and full of wrinkles, came into the laboratory, supported by his mother. His temperature was 103.5, pulse 100, respiration 34. His chest was bare, the tube placed in direct contact with the flesh. The exposure was for three hours. At the end there was a decrease of two degrees in temperature, the pulse fell to 120 and the respiration fell to 22. This record was made in the presence of several physicians, and the boy was allowed to go home with no other remedies than such ailments as would have been given to all patients under the same circumstances. With subsequent treatment a continued improvement was taken place during five weeks. Signed statements of the doctors who have attended the young man are published in the Chicago Times-Herald.

CLEANING OUT THE CITY.

All Unemployed Strangers to be Driven Out of Constantinople.

Constantinople, Sept. 10.—The protests of the British and Italian embassies at the deportation of the Armenians had but little effect. The Turkish government has sent a circular to its municipalities abroad saying that in view of ensuring the maintenance of order it has been decided to send to their native country all unemployed strangers, and the provincial officials have been instructed to watch all such persons and prevent their return to Constantinople. Commissions have been sent to ports of landing to establish the identity of all deported and constant watch will thereafter be kept upon their movements. Measures will also be taken to keep out of the Turkish empire the emissaries of Armenian revolutionary committees, who are working in Bulgaria and elsewhere.

Sunday School Teacher—Now what little boy can repeat the shortest commandment? It has only four words. Pupil—I can, miss. Teacher—Well, what is it? Pupil—Keep off the grass.

MRS. BISHOP'S LATEST JOURNEY.

Mrs. Bishop, who is better known as Miss Hind, has just completed another of her remarkable journeys into the depths of China where foreigners never penetrate. She went by river, chair and other routes from Shanghai to the northwest corner of the great plain of Cheng-tu, and encountered very bad treatment at the hands of the inhabitants en route. The authorities attempted to protect her in all cases, but she was mobbed many times. At one place where she was attacked and stoned she was badly injured by a blow upon the head from which she has scarcely recovered.

The Cheng-tu plain, Mrs. Bishop describes as a marvelous example of fertility and wealth. She never saw anything like it. She travelled across it 11 days and found it irrigated in every part. It seems that ages ago—it is not known when—a man, who has had erected in his memory the grandest temple in China, divided the waters of the Min river in such a way that they fertilize the whole plain and make such an irrigation system that there can be neither floods nor drought. Kunshien is at the base of the hills, and is the centre for the trade of northern Tibet. Thence Mrs. Bishop went up the Min river, which Chinese consider the actual Yangtze, to Wei chow, and, turning up the Li-fan-tung river reached the town of that name. Here the authorities did all they could to prevent her from entering the Mantse country beyond. She persisted, however, and found Mantse to be semi-independent tribes, who pay tribute to China, but are ruled by their own chiefs. Their appearance is quite Caucasian, both men and women being very handsome. They live in lofty stone houses, many of which resemble feudal castles. In nearly every village there is a high square tower. The customs are wholly different from those of the Chinese; the people are right Buddhists, and the signs of their religion are everywhere. Mrs. Bishop found them friendly and hospitable, and their country as well, indeed, as the whole country after leaving the Min, "a combination of Switzerland and Kashmir."

According to her account, Mrs. Bishop found everywhere except among the Mantse a hostility to foreigners which astonished her by its intensity. She has no doubt that the people in Szechuan really believe that foreigners eat children out of their eyes. In Cheng-tu and other places she saw children wearing a red cross on green ground as a charm against foreigners.

"I am afraid that when Yappy and that Miss Prettygold get married she will run the whole establishment."

"And why not? She will be the senior partner by at least ten years."

The reason why a woman never misses a single meeting of her sewing society is for fear that the rest of the members will pick her to pieces in her absence.

Chief of Detectives—Why didn't you catch Mag, the shoplifter? I told you how to identify her by her peculiar hair. Sleuthop—I guess she changed her switch and threw us off the track.

ROYAL Baking Powder has been awarded highest honors at every world's fair where exhibited.

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...ONE NIGHT ONLY... Monday, September 14th.

Prof. Alexander J. Heller Tyndall,

The Famous London Mystic, in his startling and thrilling sensation,

"The Supernatural in Nature."

A GREAT DEMONSTRATION! MYSTERIOUS! FANTASTIC! MARVELOUS!

Admission 30c. gallery 20c. Reserved seats now on sale at Jackson's.

Harrison Hot Springs BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The best time of the year for a visit to the Springs—no mosquitoes, excellent fishing and hunting. Wonderful curative Hot Springs. Very low rates. Everything first class.

NOTICE.

Until further notice, and subject to the requirements of the train service, the E. & N. railway swing bridges will be available to the public, at 11 a.m. daily, for general traffic from 6 to 6:30 a.m., from 7 a.m. to 12 noon, and from 1 to 10 p.m.

JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen. Supt.

WALTER H. GIBSON

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All Ladies

Know that to make a cake good baking powder and the best flavoring extracts are necessary. GOLDEN WEST extracts and baking powder are absolutely pure. All good grocers keep them. They are the best.

NOTICE.

Chatham street, between Cook and Quadra, is closed to traffic. E. A. WILMOT, City Engineer.

LOOK AT THESE PRICES

Small Silver Spoons, guaranteed best quality,	\$3.00
Large Tea Spoons,	3.25
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Table Spoons,	5.50
Dessert Forks,	4.75
Medium Forks,	5.00
Dessert Knives,	4.25
Medium Knives,	4.50

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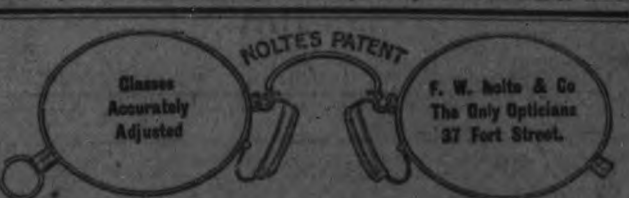
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FOR....

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NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the business heretofore carried on by Henry Frederick Holsteman, under the name of Holsteman & Co., as real estate, insurance and financial agents, at 75 Government street, Victoria, will henceforth be continued by Laura A. Holsteman, under the name of Holsteman & Co., under the management of Bernard Holsteman, who is authorized to do all acts necessary to conduct the same.

Land Registry Act.

The Northwesterly cor. of Section Twenty-eight (XXVIII), Victoria District, containing Five Acres.

Whereas the Certificate of Title of Elizabeth Newman to the above land, dated the 24th day of November, 1901, and numbered 2084, has been lost, and application has been made for a duplicate thereof, notice is hereby given that such duplicate will be issued unless cause is shown to the contrary, in writing to me within two months from the date thereof.

A. Y. WOOTTON, Registrar General of Titles, Land Registry Office, Victoria, September 24, 1904.